



LABORATÓRIO DE INSTRUMENTAÇÃO  
E FÍSICA EXPERIMENTAL DE PARTÍCULAS  
*partículas e tecnologia*

# Little Higgs Models Phenomenology

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# Higgs as a pseudo-Goldstone boson

**Goldstone theorem:** NGB's arise when a continuous symmetry is spontaneously broken

NGB's *shift* under the broken symmetry:

$$\theta \rightarrow \theta + \alpha$$

**We need to explicitly break the symmetry**

# Little Higgs models - toy model $SU(3)/SU(2)$

$$\phi = \phi_0 e^{i\pi/f}$$

Parametrization to get **NBGs interactions**



$$\phi = \exp \left\{ \frac{i}{f} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & h \\ h^\dagger & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right\} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ f \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ f \end{pmatrix} + i \begin{pmatrix} h \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{1}{2f} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ h^\dagger h \end{pmatrix} + \dots$$

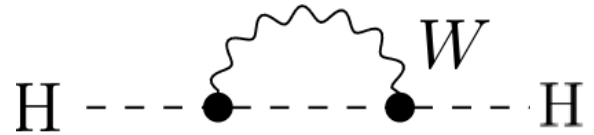
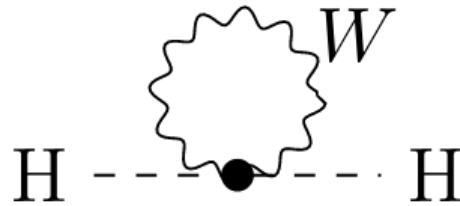
# Little Higgs models - toy model SU(3)/SU(2)

By gauging SU(2), we get terms:

$$|g \begin{pmatrix} W_\mu & \\ & 0 \end{pmatrix} \phi|^2$$



$$|gW_\mu h|^2$$



# Little Higgs models - collective symmetry breaking

$$\phi_1 = e^{i\pi_1/f} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ f \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \phi_2 = e^{i\pi_2/f} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ f \end{pmatrix}$$

Let us take **SU(3)xSU(3) → SU(2)xSU(2)**:

$$\# \text{NGBs} = 16 - 6 = 10$$

Next, we gauge **SU(3)<sub>D</sub>**

# Little Higgs models - collective symmetry breaking

$$\mathcal{L} \sim |g_1 A_\mu \phi_1|^2 + |g_2 A_\mu \phi_2|^2$$

$$\phi_1 \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_1^a T^a} \phi_1, \phi_2 \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_2^a T^a} \phi_2$$

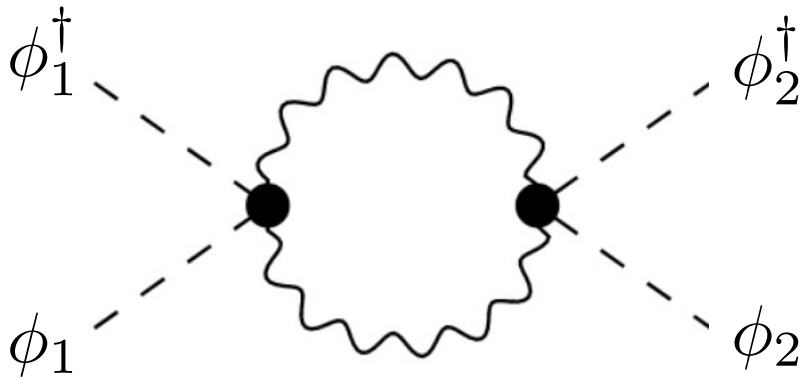
$$A_\mu \rightarrow e^{i\alpha_?^a T^a} A_\mu e^{-i\alpha_?^a T^a}$$

**Only with both couplings non-zero the symmetry is broken to  $SU(3)_D$**

(5 eaten NGBs and 5 pseudo NGBs)

# Little Higgs models - collective symmetry breaking

Contributions to pNGBs must involve **both fields**:



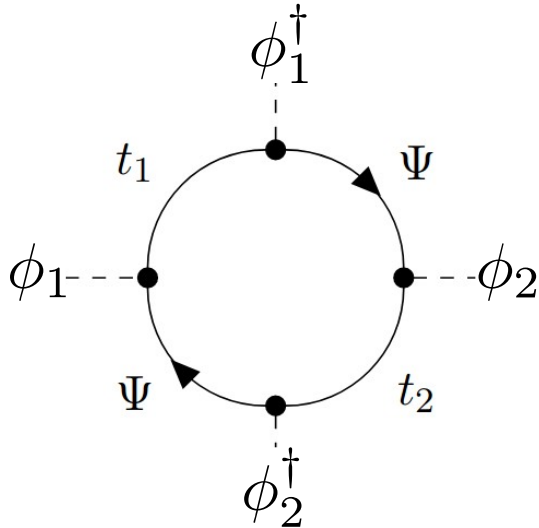
$$\propto \left| \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 \right|^2 \frac{g^4}{16\pi^2} \log \left[ \frac{\Lambda^2}{\mu^2} \right]$$

$$\left| \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 \right|^2 \sim f^2 - 2H^\dagger H + \dots$$

# Little Higgs models - collective symmetry in fermionic sector

By introducing SU(3) symmetry:

$$\Psi \equiv (t, b, T)$$



$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{yuk}} = \lambda_1 \phi_1^\dagger \Psi t_1^c + \lambda_2 \phi_2^\dagger \Psi t_2^c$$

$$\propto \left| \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 \right|^2 \frac{\lambda^4}{16\pi^2} \log \left[ \frac{\Lambda^2}{\mu^2} \right]$$



# Littlest Higgs model:

$$SU(5) \rightarrow SO(5)$$

**Unbroken**

$$Q_1^a + Q_2^a$$

$$Y_1 + Y_2$$

**Broken**

$$Q_1^a - Q_2^a$$

$$Y_1 - Y_2$$



$$[SU(2) \times U(1)]^2$$



$$SU(2) \times U(1)$$

$$SU(2)_W$$

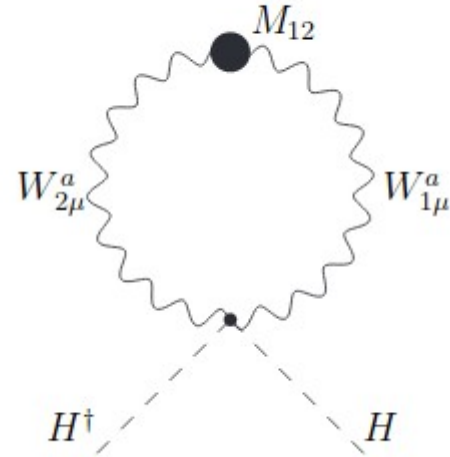
$$U(1)_Y$$

**Heavy gauge bosons**

**4 eaten goldstones**

# Littlest Higgs model - collective symmetry

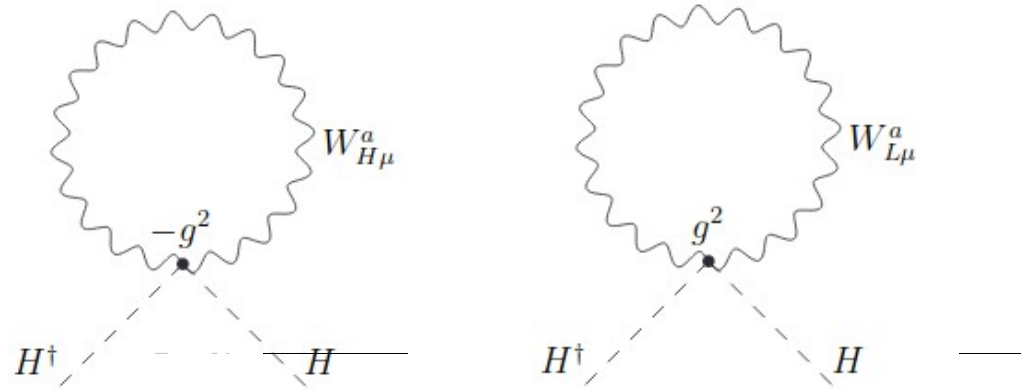
$$\frac{1}{4} H^\dagger H \left( g_1 g_2 W_1^{\mu a} W_{2\mu}^a + g'_1 g'_2 B_1^\mu B_{2\mu} \right)$$



Both couplings ***always*** present

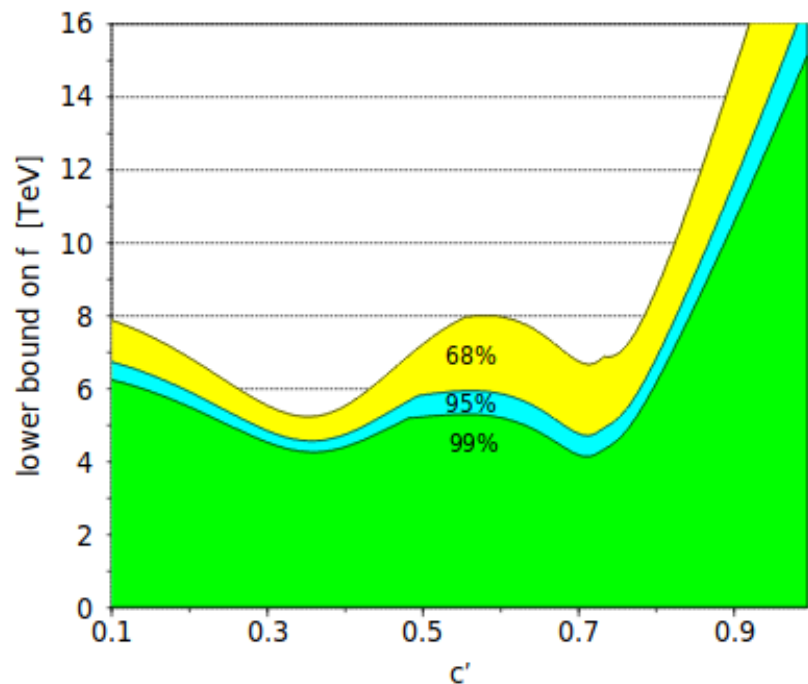
# Littlest Higgs model - collective symmetry

Heavy – light bosons  
cancellation:



$$\frac{1}{4} H^\dagger H \left( g^2 \left( W_{L\mu}^a W_L^{\mu a} - W_{H\mu}^a W_H^{\mu a} - 2 \cot 2\psi W_{H\mu}^a W_L^{\mu a} \right) + \right. \\ \left. g'^2 \left( B_{L\mu}^\mu B_L^\mu - B_{H\mu}^\mu B_H^\mu - 2 \cot 2\psi' B_{H\mu}^\mu B_L^\mu \right) \right)$$

# Littlest Higgs model - constraints



Taken from: *hep-ph/0211124v2*



**Scale of new physics severely constrained by EWPO**

# Littlest Higgs with T-parity - gauge sector

$$G_1 \xleftrightarrow{T} G_2 \quad g_1 = g_2, g'_1 = g'_2$$

## T-even

$$W^\pm = \frac{1}{2} [(W_1^1 + W_2^1) \mp i (W_1^2 + W_2^2)], \quad W^3 = \frac{W_1^3 + W_2^3}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad B = \frac{B_1 + B_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

## T-odd

$$W_H^\pm = \frac{1}{2} [(W_1^1 - W_2^1) \mp i (W_1^2 - W_2^2)], \quad W_H^3 = \frac{W_1^3 - W_2^3}{\sqrt{2}}, \quad B_H = \frac{B_1 - B_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

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$$A, Z, Z_H, A_H$$

# Littlest Higgs with T-parity - fermionic sector

$$Q_1 = \begin{pmatrix} q_1 \\ U_{L1} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad Q_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ U_{L2} \\ q_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

The physical particles now read:

$$q_{\pm} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (q_1 \mp q_2), \quad U_{L\pm} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (U_{L1} \mp U_{L2}), \quad U_{R\pm} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (U_{R1} \mp U_{R2})$$

# | **Littlest Higgs with T-parity - phenomenology**

- **Pair production for T-odd particles**
- **Stable DM candidate (no T-violation)**

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- **No contribution to EWPO at tree level**

# Littlest Higgs with T-parity - phenomenology

Implementation  
of model in  
**Feynrules**

**UFO model**



Generating  
events with  
**Madgraph**

Developing  
analysis with  
**Madanalysis**

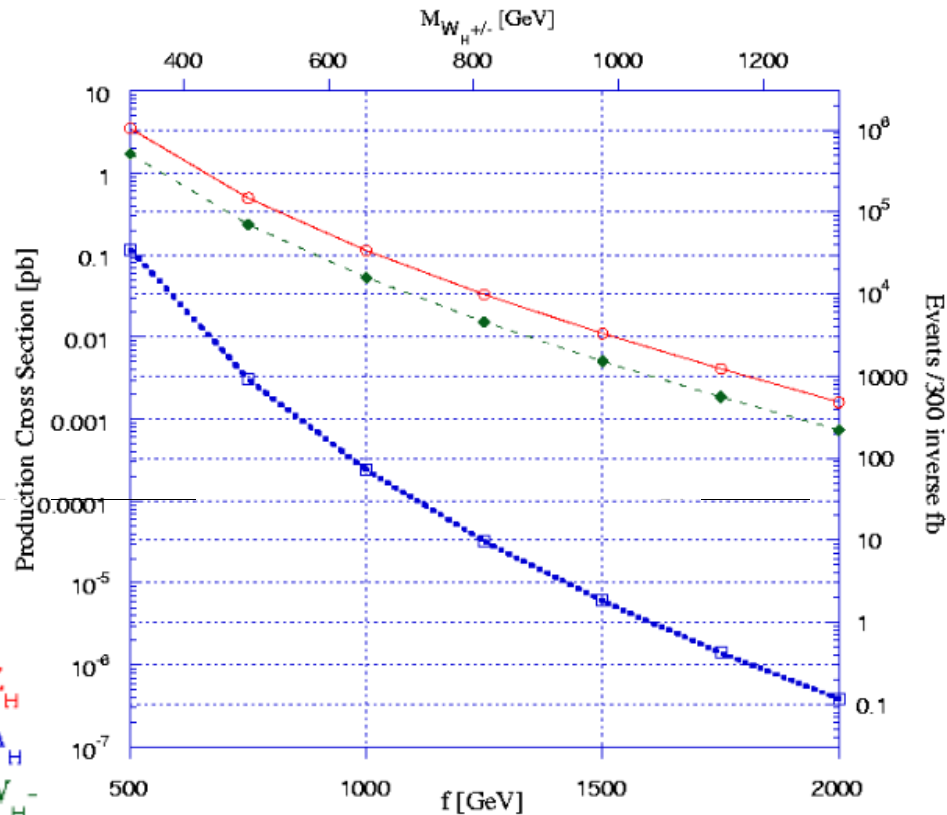
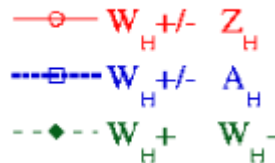


# Littlest Higgs with T-parity - phenomenology

$$Z_H \rightarrow A_H h$$

$$W_H^\pm \rightarrow A_H W^\pm$$

Missing energy



# | Littlest Higgs with T-parity - phenomenology

## Heavy Lepton Sector

- Not yet thoroughly studied
- Possible source of Lepton Flavour Violation
  - Further constraints on model

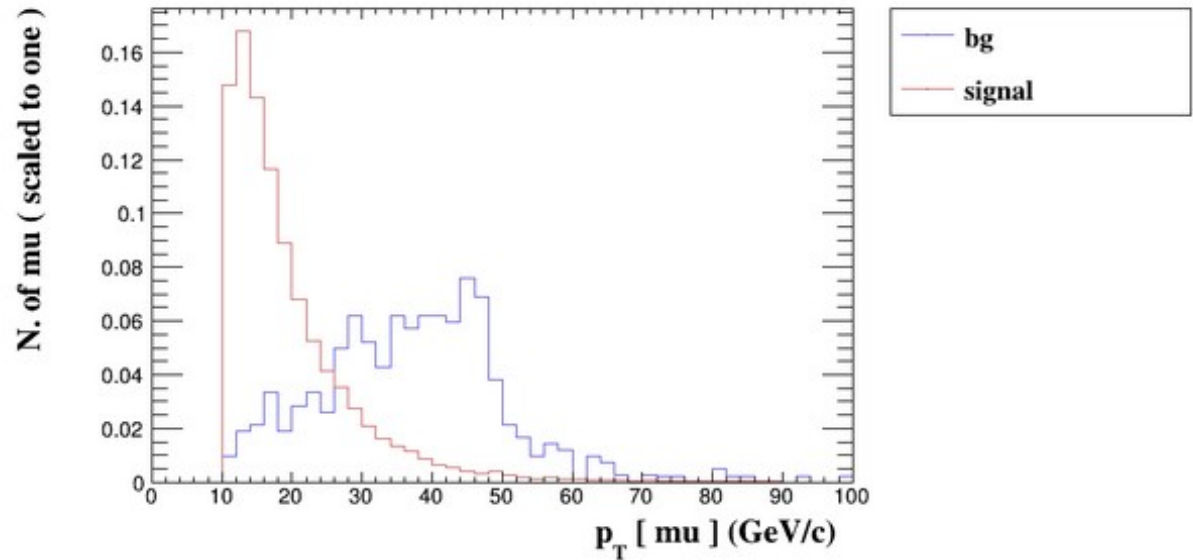
# Littlest Higgs with T-parity - phenomenology

$$pp \rightarrow \mu_H \mu_H$$

**focusing on**

$$\mu_H \rightarrow \mu A_H$$

*Preliminary work*



$$M_{\mu_H} = 150\text{GeV}; M_{A_H} = 140\text{GeV}$$

# Littlest Higgs with T-parity - phenomenology

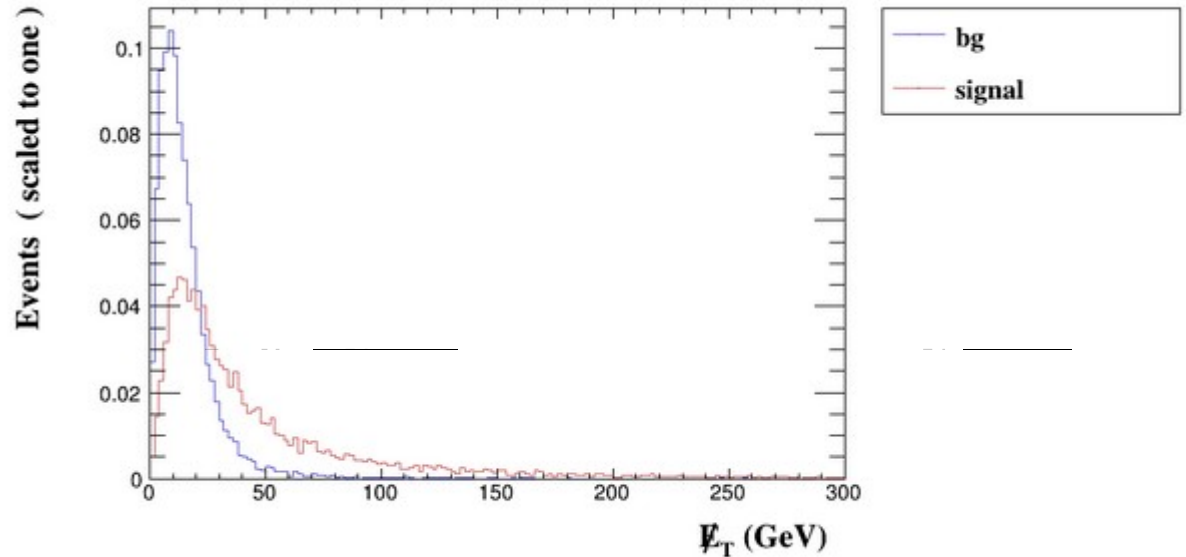
Possible discriminating variables?

$$pp \rightarrow \mu_H \mu_H$$

**focusing on**

$$\mu_H \rightarrow \mu A_H$$

*Preliminary work*



$$M_{\mu_H} = 150\text{GeV}; M_{A_H} = 140\text{GeV}$$

# Littlest Higgs with T-parity - prospects

## A global approach:

- Collider phenomenology
- Flavour experiments
- Astrophysical constraints – DM candidate

**Thanks**