# The Hardware Track Trigger for the ATLAS upgrade

Physics performance studies and fast simulation design

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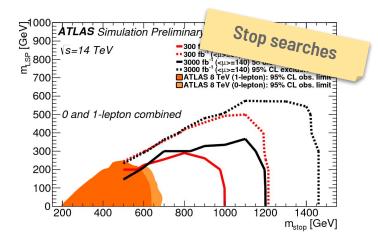
LABORATÓRIO DE INSTRUMENTAÇÃO E FÍSICA EXPERIMENTAL DE PARTÍCULAS



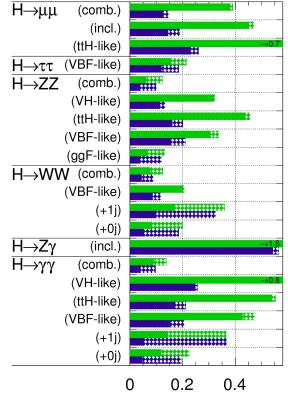


# Why going to high luminosity?

- → Higgs couplings precision measurements
- → Might be only way to get clues about new physics if no discoveries happen
- ➔ Direct searches need a lot of stats

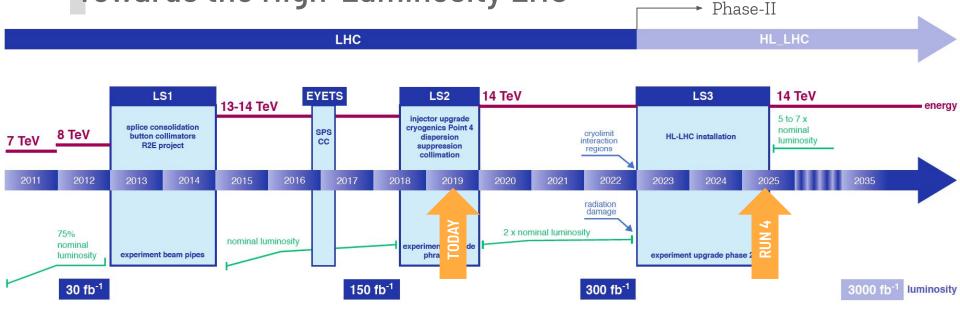


#### **ATLAS** Simulation Preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}: \int \text{Ldt} = 300 \text{ fb}^{-1}; \int \text{Ldt} = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



 $<sup>\</sup>Delta \mu / \mu$ 

# Towards the High-Luminosity LHC



- → Increase nominal luminosity by  $\sim$  x10
- → Collect 3000 /fb at a center of mass energy of 14 TeV

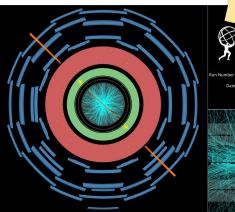
# Why do we need a better detector?

ATLAS will be upgraded to handle harsher pileup

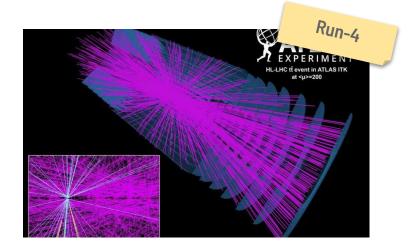
- $\rightarrow$  200 collisions per bunch crossing
- $\rightarrow$  ~ 10 000 particles per event
- → Mostly low  $p_{T}$  particles

Improve trigger system

In a few  $\mu s$  the trigger selects events to be further processed







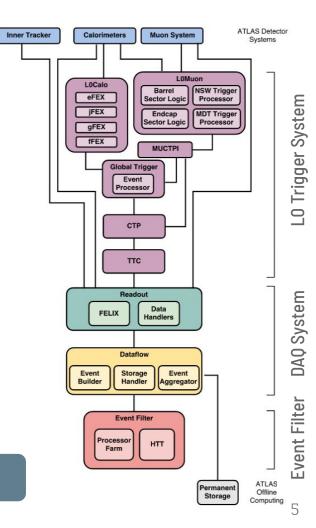
# The Hardware Track Trigger - HTT What is it ?

- → Highly parallel hardware-based tracking co-processor for the ATLAS upgrade
- → Capable of doing global / regional tracking at 100 kHz / 1 MHz

#### How does it work ?

→ Pattern bank with track templates to fit to inner detector hits

Reduce Event Filter farm by factor 10



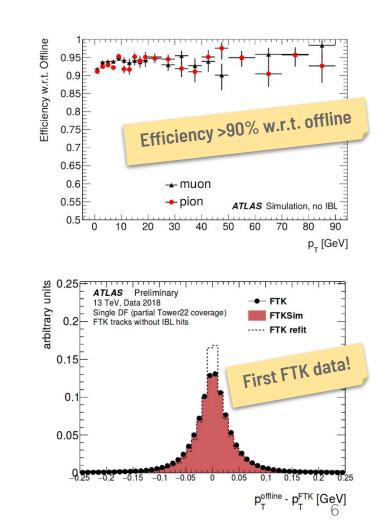
# The FastTracKer legacy - FTK

#### How does it work ?

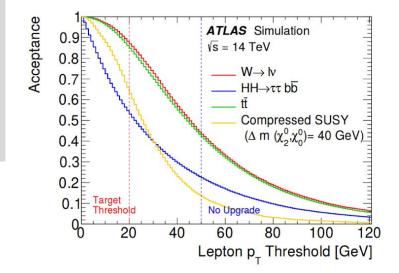
- → Global tracking only
- → Provides full tracking for every event passing the Level-1 trigger at 100 kHz
- $\rightarrow$  ~<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> the number of FPGAs

#### FTK status

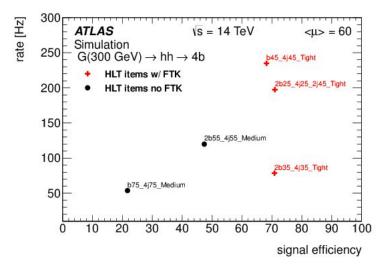
- → Precedes HTT already in Run-3
- → Production is underway
- → First data with FTK already collected



## Upgrade and FTK / HTT physics case



→ The Phase-II TDAQ upgrade | Lower single lepton threshold to 20 GeV from 50 GeV



→ B-jet triggers for hh→4b | FTK helps reduce the rates at HLT

# Our contribution to HTT

#### Physics performance studies : $hh \rightarrow 4b$

→ Understand how the HTT performance will influence the analyses

#### **Development of fast simulation**

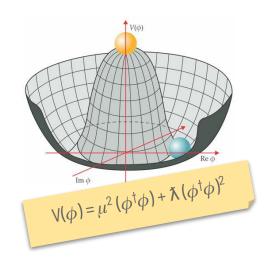
- → Full simulation is extremely time and CPU consuming
- → Tracking is one of the most expensive steps of the simulation
- → Performance studies require a lot of statistics

# Physics performance : $hh \rightarrow 4b \rightarrow jets$

#### Why hh $\rightarrow$ 4b ?

- $\rightarrow$  Sensitivity to shape of Higgs potential
- → Key benchmark channel for the HL-LHC

#### Analysis strategy



- → Apply b-tagging parameterization based on jet's truth flavor to offline jets
- → Evaluate how b-tagging affects triggers used in hh→4b searches

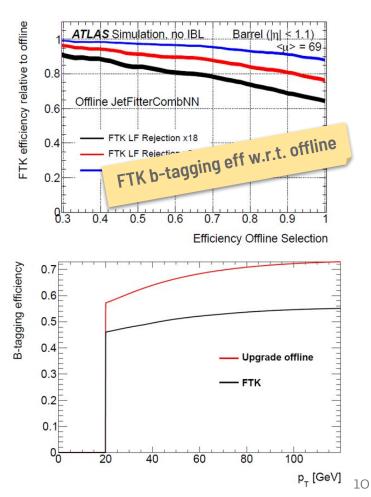
TRIGGER	Level 1 (L1)	High Level Trigger (HLT)
HLT_2b35_2j35_L1_4j15	<sup>≫</sup> 4j15	≥ 2j35, ≥ 2b35
HLT_b225_L1_j100	≥j100	≥b225
HLT_2b55_j100_L1_3j20_j75	<sup>≫</sup> j75, <sup>≫</sup> 3j20	≥ j100, ≥ 2b55

# **B-Tagging Parameterization**

- → Start with offline b-tagging efficiencies
- → Worsen efficiency to emulate trigger
  b-tagging performance

Understand how bad can the b-tagging performance at the trigger be such that the physics analysis does not suffer

	B-TAGGING EFFICIENCY	C-MISTAG	L-MISTAG
OFFLINE	0.72	0.05	0.001
FTK LIKE	0.56	0.1	0.002

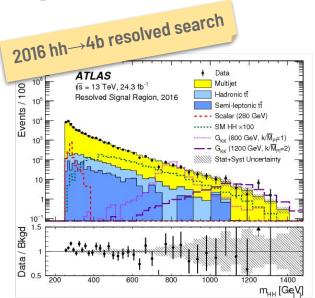


### Monte Carlo samples

#### Signal and dominant background samples

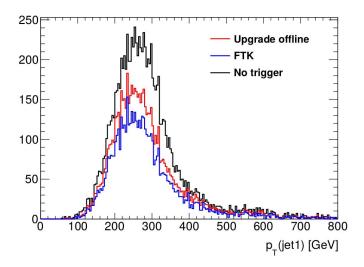
 $\rightarrow$  Full simulation (detailed detector simulation) samples at 14 TeV

PROCESS	NO. EVENTS	CROSS SECTION [fb]
Signal hh→G(800 GeV)→4b	100 000	130
Dijet w/ O <pt<20 (jzo)<="" gev="" th=""><th>1 000 000</th><th>8 x 10<sup>13</sup></th></pt<20>	1 000 000	8 x 10 <sup>13</sup>
Dijet w/ 20 <pt<80 (jz1)<="" gev="" th=""><th>999 800</th><th>2 x 10<sup>10</sup></th></pt<80>	999 800	2 x 10 <sup>10</sup>
Dijet w/ 80 <pt<200 (jz2)<="" gev="" th=""><th>997 800</th><th>3 x 10<sup>8</sup></th></pt<200>	997 800	3 x 10 <sup>8</sup>
Dijet w/ 200 <pt<500 (jz3)<="" gev="" th=""><th>999 300</th><th>3 x 10<sup>6</sup></th></pt<500>	999 300	3 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
ttbar	995 900	4 x 10 <sup>5</sup>



# Preliminary results - triggerHLT rates<br/>Dijet JZO sampleRate = $\mathscr{L} \times \varepsilon \times \sigma$ TRIGGEROFFLINE RATE [Hz]FTK RATE [HZ]HLT\_2b35\_2j35\_L1\_4j15 $3.0 \pm 0.5$ $1.0 \pm 0.3$ B-tagging purity#true b-jets / #b-tagged jets

	#tiue b-je	is / #b-layyeu
PARAMETER	OFFLINE	FTK-LIKE
TOTAL NO. B-TAGS	27±6	24±5
NO. TRUE B-JETS	17±5	11±3
PURITY (%)	63±5	46±2



- → Slightly smaller rate for FTK | Most events passing the trigger have true b-jets
- → Lower b-tagging purity for FTK | As expected from lower track resolution

# Physics performance studies

Next steps

#### Include other b-tagging parameterization points

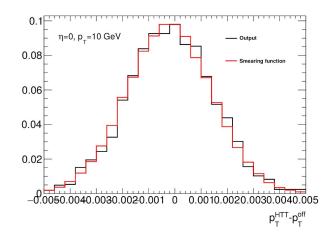
→ Possibly Summer student project

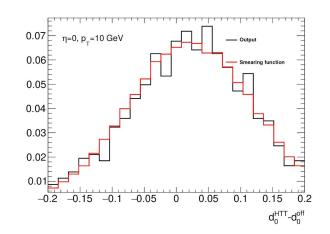
#### Estimate impact on physics analysis

- $\rightarrow$  Kinematic distributions
- $\rightarrow$  Signal acceptance
- $\rightarrow$  Background rejection
- → Sensitivity



→ Compare smearing functions for given  $\eta$  and  $p_T$  with track resolution for tracks in same  $\eta$  and  $p_T$ 





#### Implement Athena tool to do the smearing

# Fast Simulation

Next steps

Increase complexity/precision of simulation

- $\rightarrow$  Include fake tracks estimation
- → Keep drawing inspiration from FTK

# Summary

- ➔ Presented work being done towards the development of the Hardware Track Trigger for the ATLAS upgrade
- → This is part of my qualification task that started in January
- → Good HTT performance fundamental to guarantee efficient data selection during Phase-II
- → In addition, collaborating in ttH(H→bb) analysis (see Emanuel's talk)
- → Physics performance | Results seem promising but there is still very large uncertainties regarding the b-tagging parameterization
- → FastSim | Very simple approach is implemented, keep adding features in order to increase precision

# Thank you !