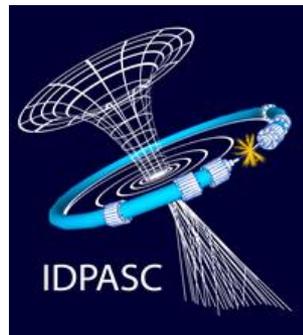
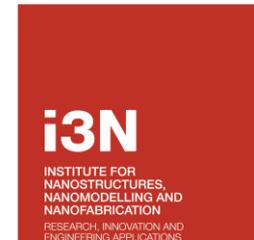




CSI(NA) WAVELENGTH-SHIFTING FIBER GAMMA CAMERA USING SIPMS

Filipe Castro
Departamento de Física & i3n
Universidade de Aveiro



LABORATÓRIO DE INSTRUMENTAÇÃO E
FÍSICA EXPERIMENTAL DE PARTICULAS

LIP Lisboa Apr. 2012

IDPASC School on Digital Counting Photosensors for Extreme Low Light Levels



MOTIVATION

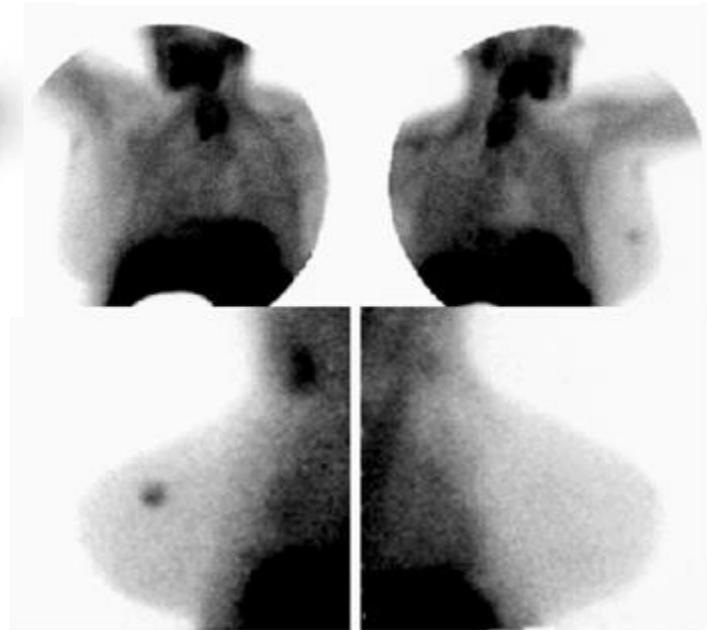
Improve sensitivity of scintigraphy exams

The radiotracer, injected into a vein, emits gamma radiation as it decays. A gamma camera scans the radiation area and creates an image.



Typical radionuclide: ^{99m}Tc
(140 keV, $T_{1/2} = 6.02 \text{ h}$)

Mammoscintigraphy images with ^{99m}Tc -MIBI:



Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

Results

Ongoing and
future work

- Better spatial resolution
- Better positioning with compact portable app.-specific camera



- Earlier detection of smaller tumours
- Reduce rate of negative biopsies

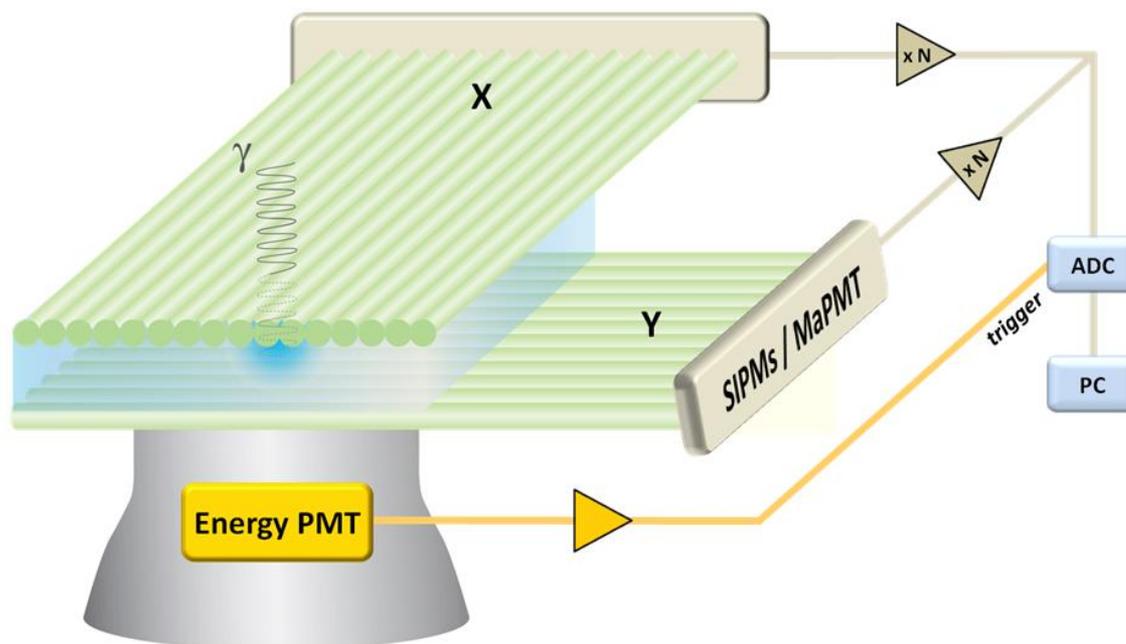
Bénard and Turcotte, *Breast Cancer Research* (2005)



CSl(Na) WAVELENGTH-SHIFTING FIBER GAMMA CAMERA

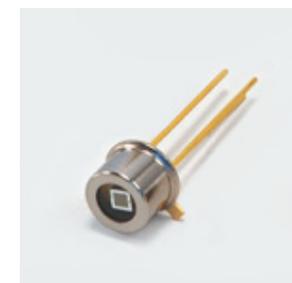
Design

- λ -shifting fibers to read out γ -rays' position of interaction in the crystal
- SiPMs to detect light from optical fibers (also Ma-PMTs)
- E-PMT to provide energy signal and trigger for acquisition



H7546B

64 anode Hamamatsu Ma-PMT



1x1 mm² Hamamatsu SiPM

MPPC SI0362-11-100U

Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
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Exp. setup

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Ongoing and
future work

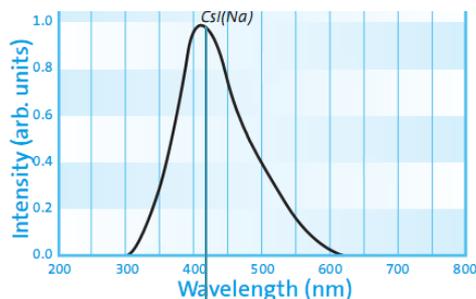
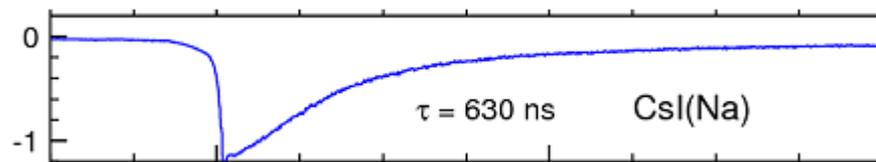
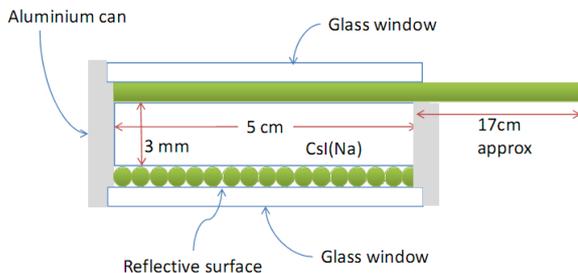
Patent number WO2010080046-A2



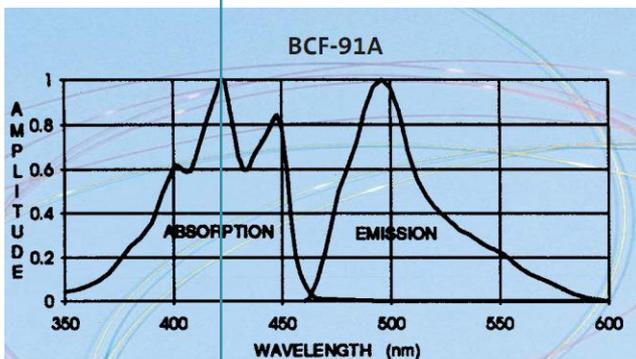
CSi(Na) WAVELENGTH-SHIFTING FIBER GAMMA CAMERA

Photon detection components and characteristics

Crystal with embedded fibers:

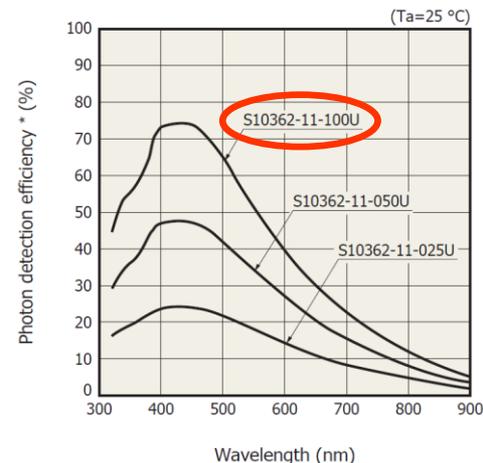


420 nm
to
494 nm



trapping efficiency > 5.6%

Photodetector efficiency:



* Photon detection efficiency includes effects of crosstalk and afterpulses.

Motivation

CSi(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

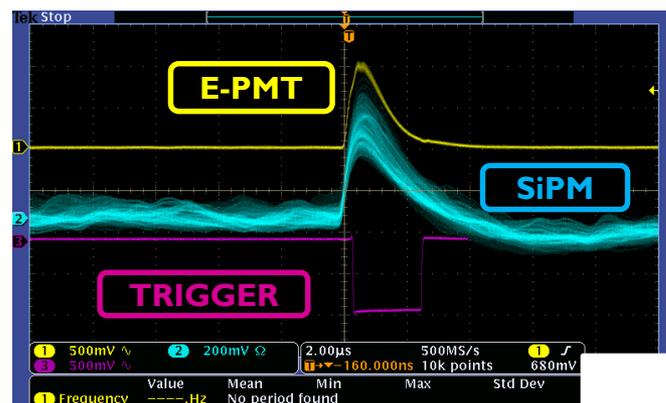
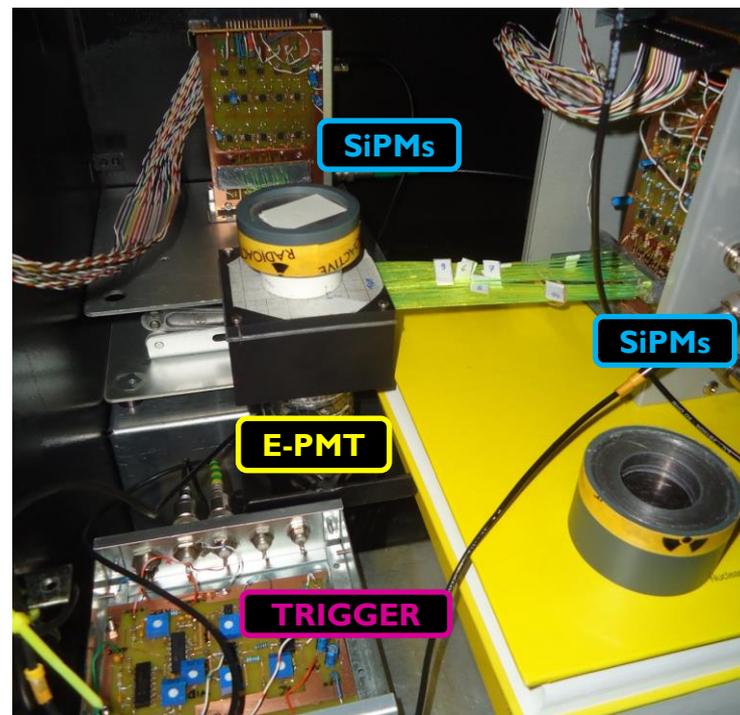
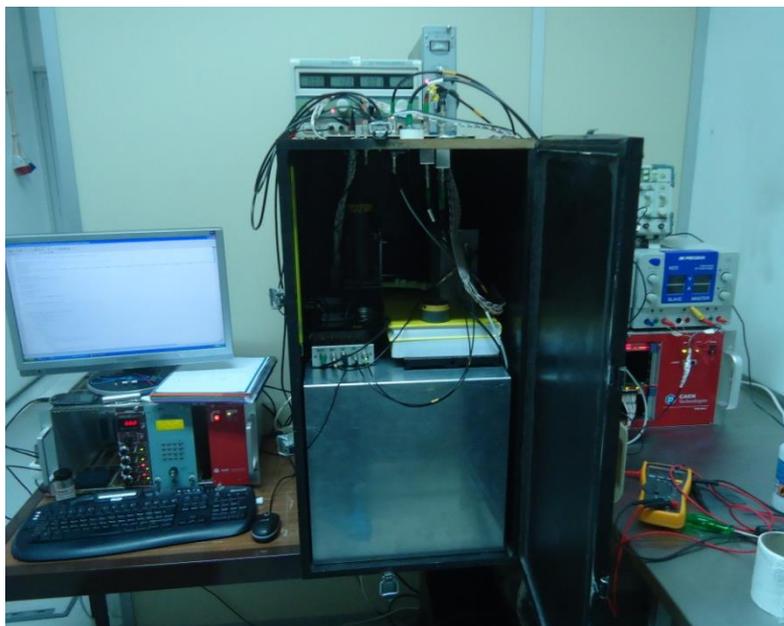
Results

Ongoing and
future work



EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

Assembling and testing small prototype with 10x10 SiPMs (1cm²)



Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

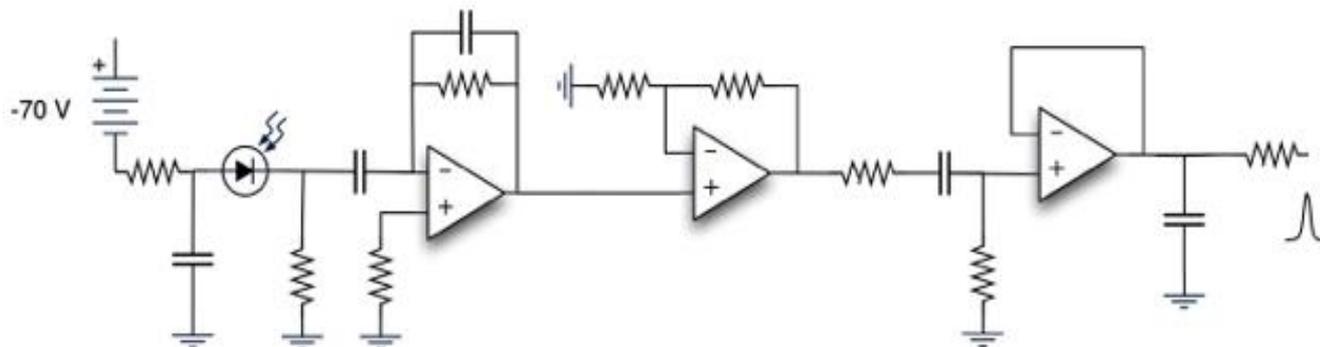
Results

Ongoing and
future work

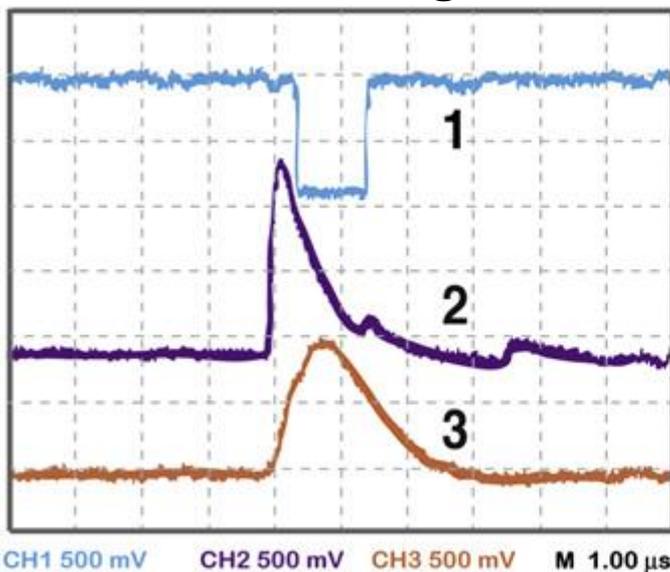


EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

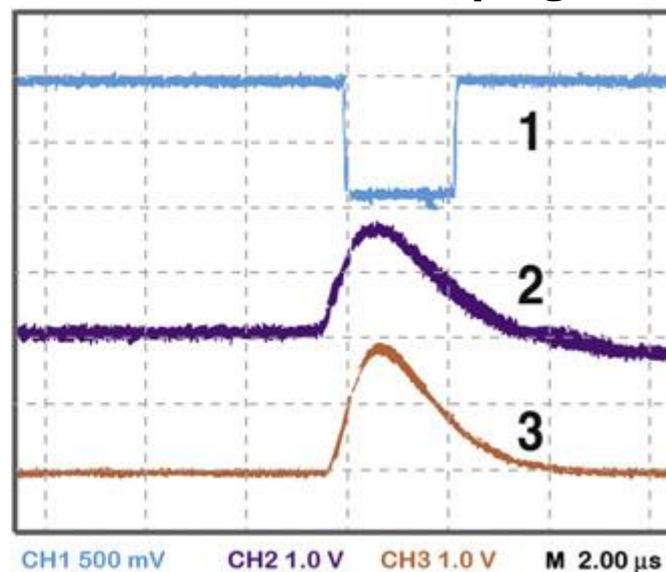
Readout electronics



With lower initial RC and no last stage



With larger initial RC and final CR-RC shaping



Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

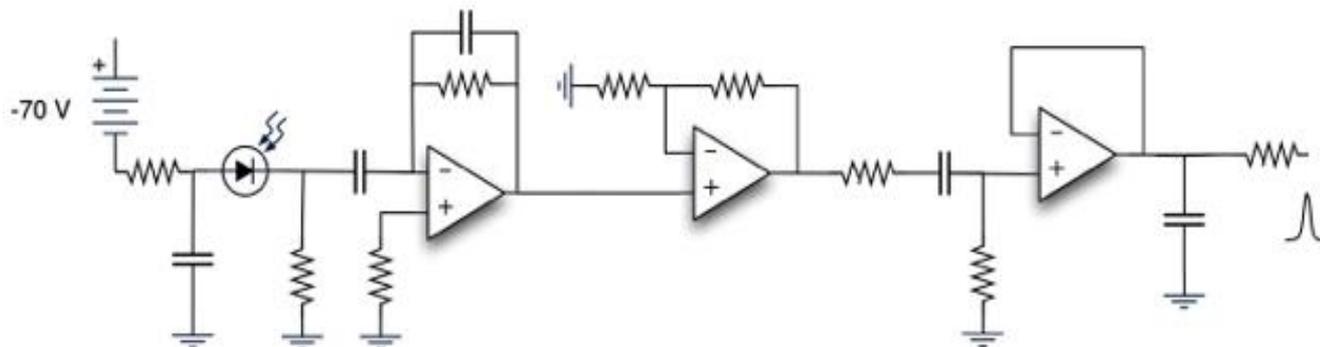
Results

Ongoing and
future work

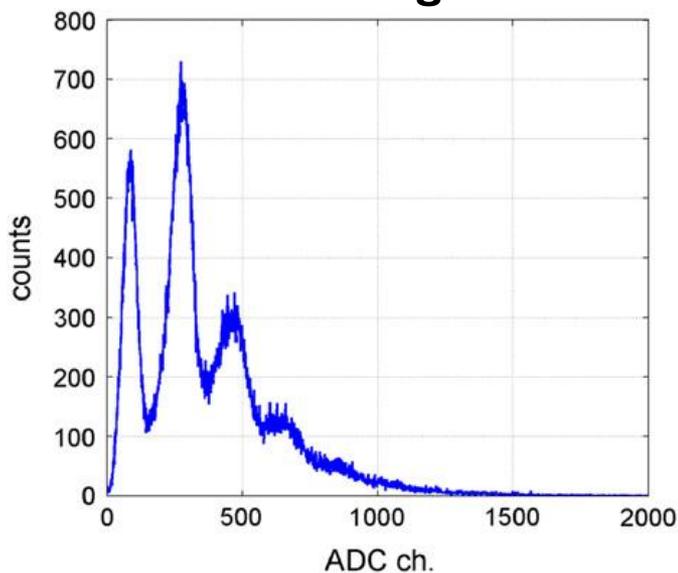


EXPERIMENTAL SETUP

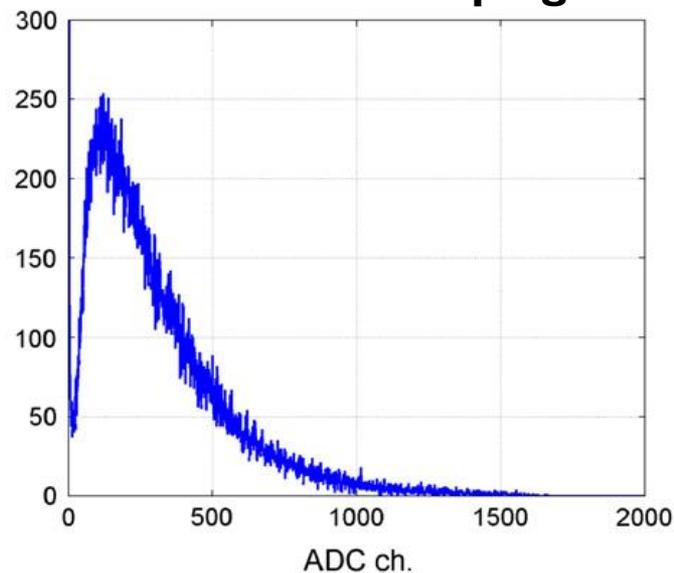
Readout electronics



With lower initial RC and no last stage



With larger initial RC and final CR-RC shaping



Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

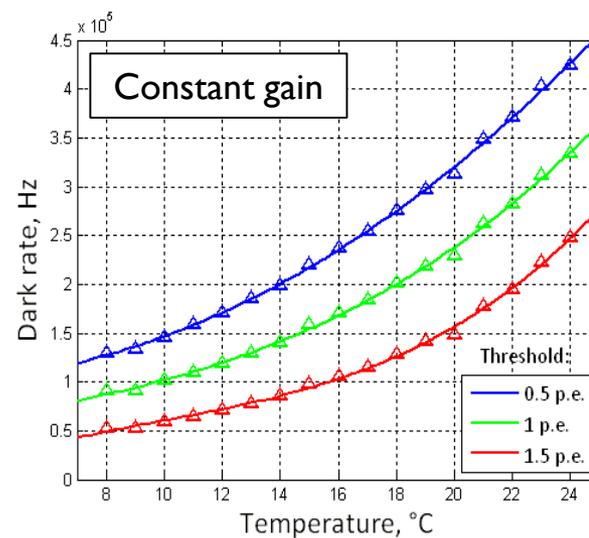
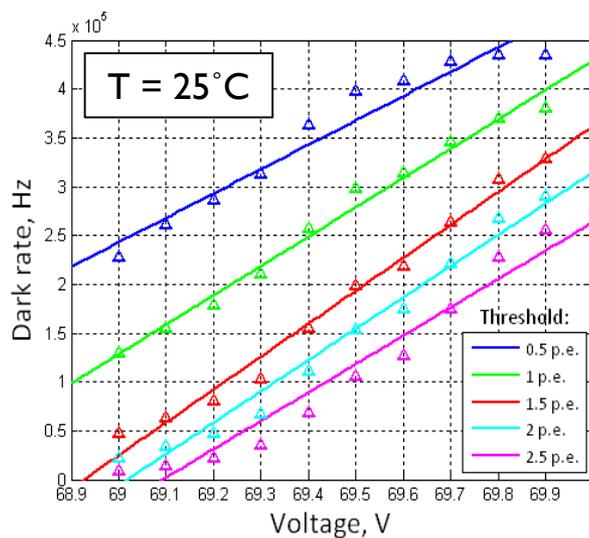
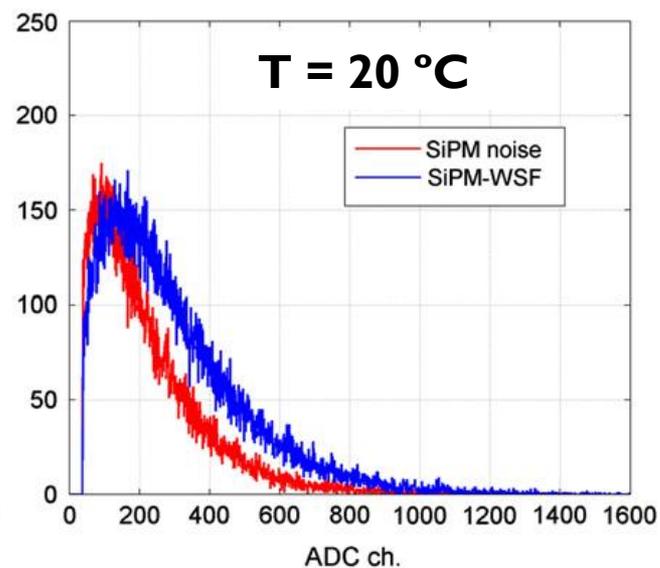
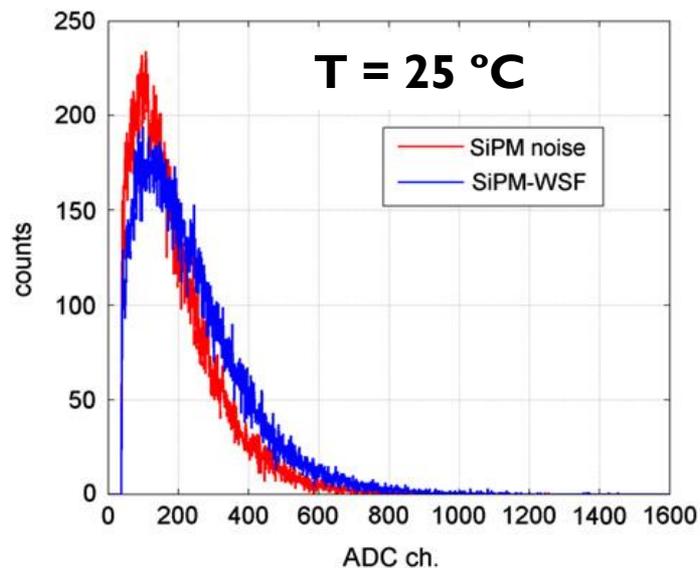
Results

Ongoing and
future work



RESULTS

Temperature influence



Intro

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

Results

Ongoing and
future work



RESULTS – 10x10 SiPM PROOF-OF-CONCEPT PROTOTYPE

Imaging with ^{57}Co (122 keV)

(10,
10)

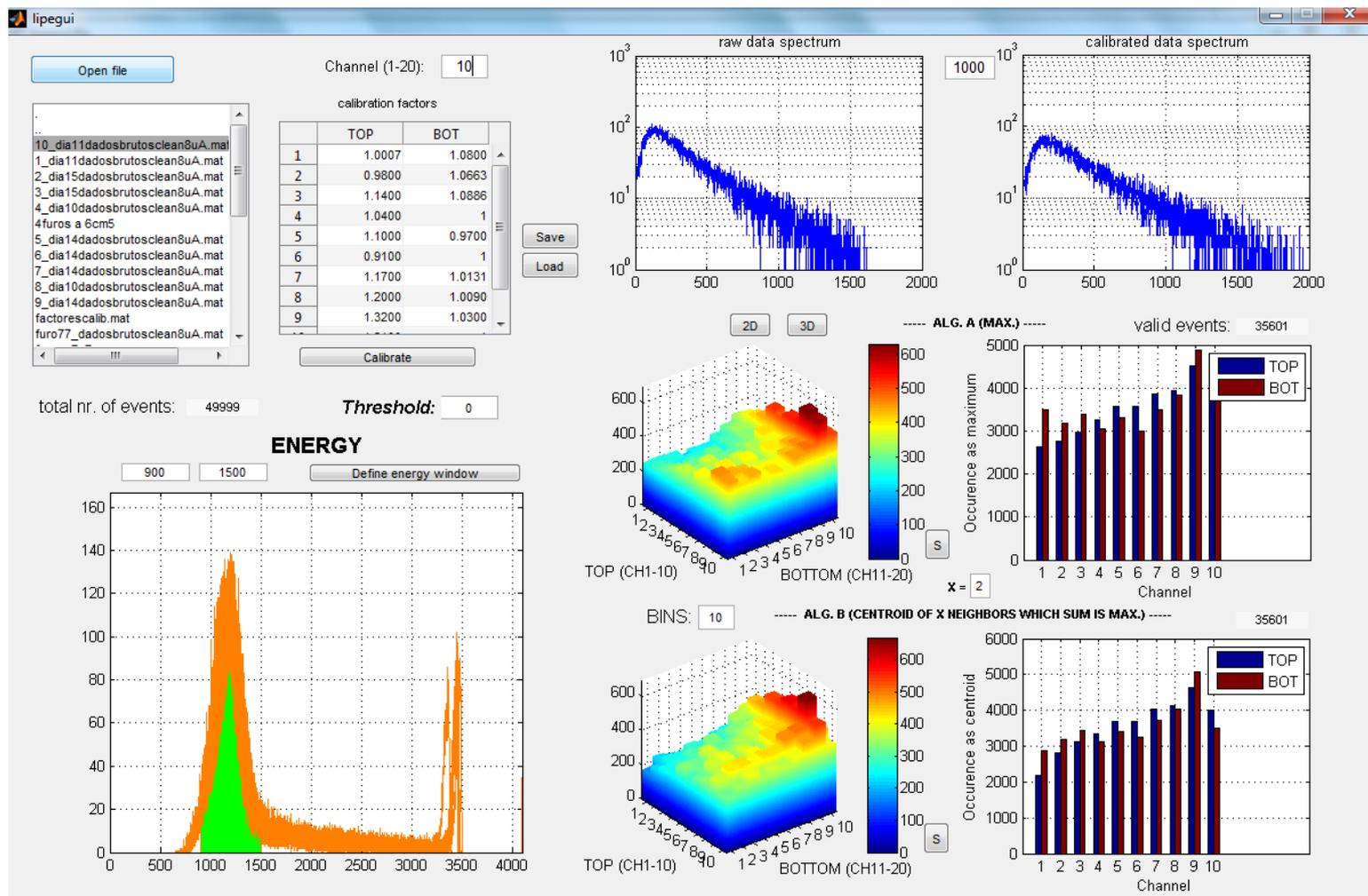
Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

Results

Ongoing and
future work



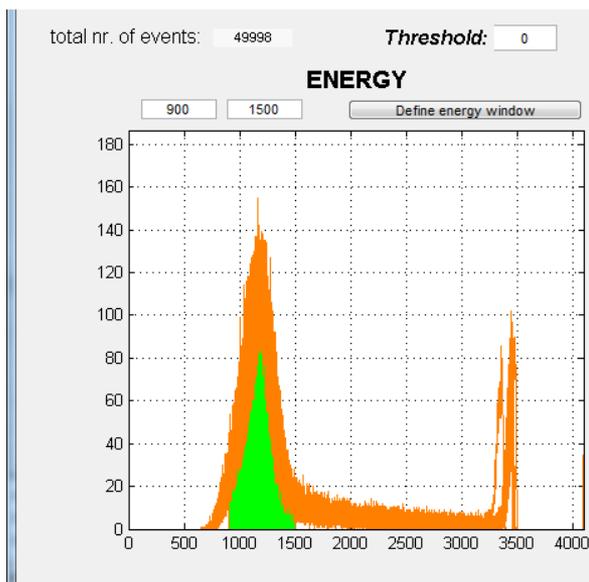
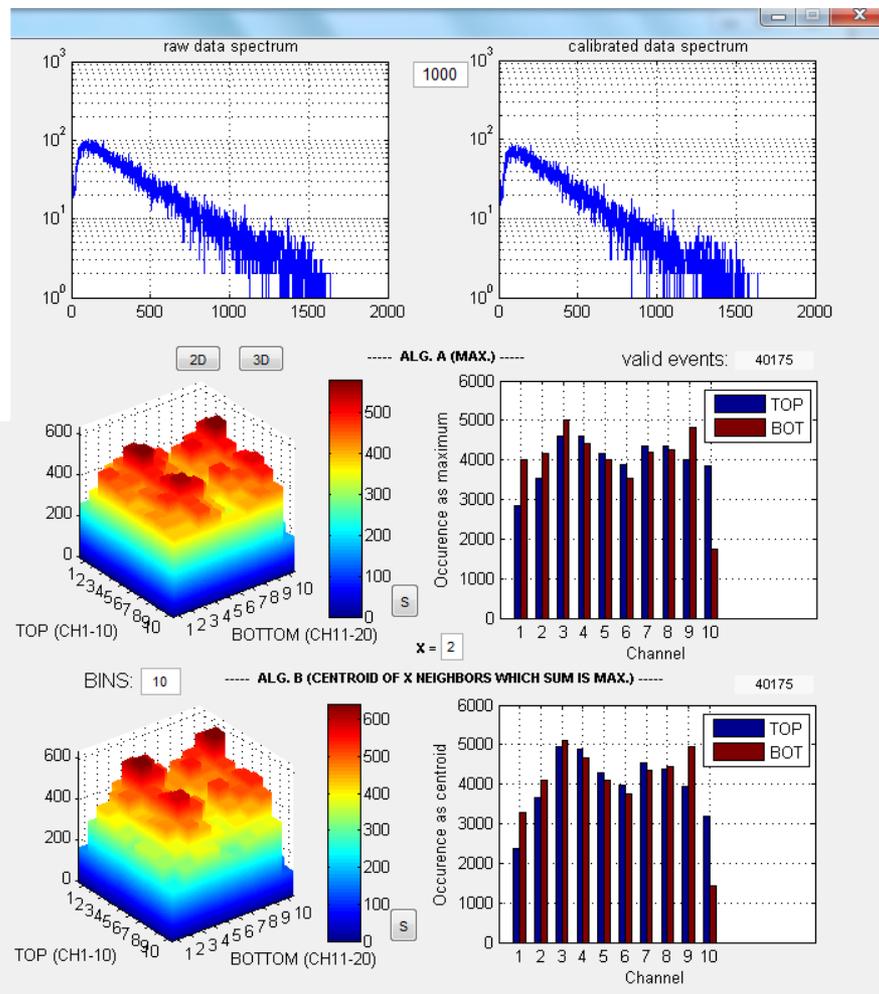
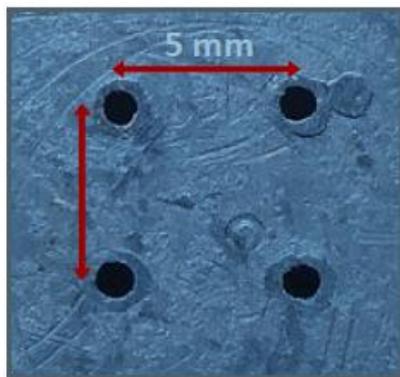
$E_{\text{res}} \sim 23\% \text{ FWHM}$

V_{bias} common to each 10 SiPM, $T = 20^\circ\text{C}$



RESULTS – 10x10 SiPM PROOF-OF-CONCEPT PROTOTYPE

Imaging with ^{57}Co (122 keV) : 4-hole Pb collimator



Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

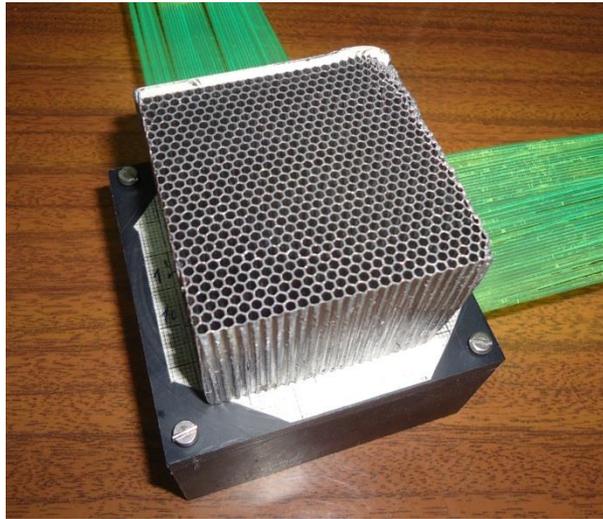
Results

Ongoing and
future work



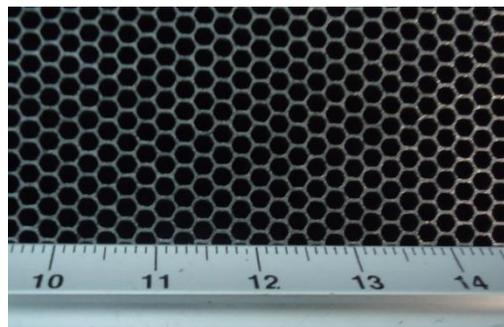
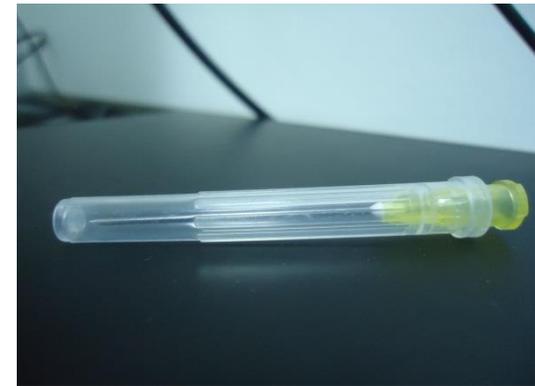
RESULTS – 10x10 SiPM PROOF-OF-CONCEPT PROTOTYPE

Imaging with ^{99m}Tc (140 keV)



Parallel-hole collimator
from large FOV gamma camera

Syringe needle with ^{99m}Tc



$L=40$ mm, $d=2$ mm, $t \approx 200$ μm

Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

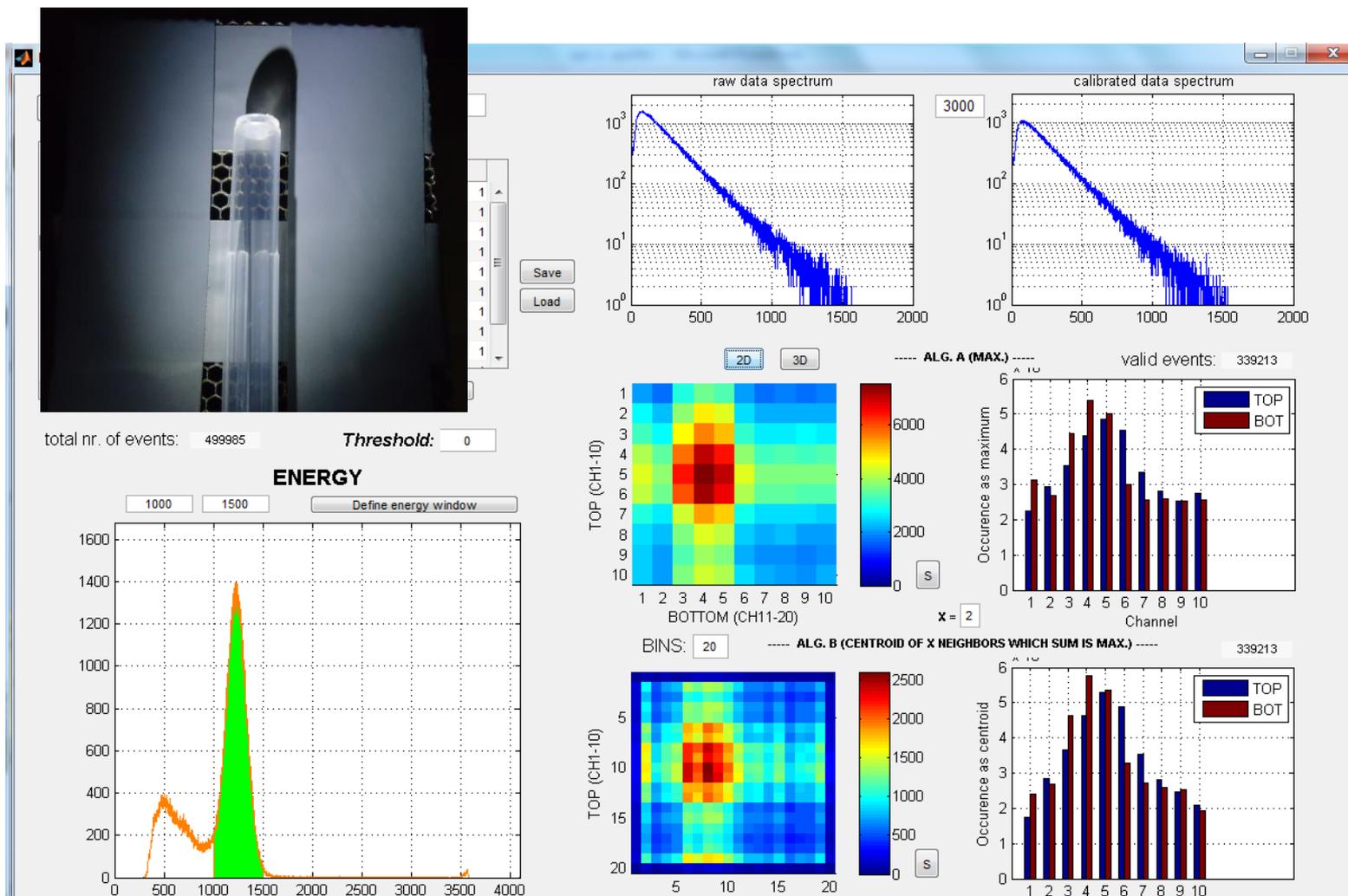
Results

Ongoing and
future work



RESULTS – 10x10 SiPM PROOF-OF-CONCEPT PROTOTYPE

Imaging with ^{99m}Tc (140 keV)



$A \sim 100 \text{ } \mu\text{Ci}$

$E_{\text{res}} \sim 20\% \text{ FWHM}$

V_{bias} common to each 10 SiPM, $T = 20^\circ\text{C}$

Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

Results

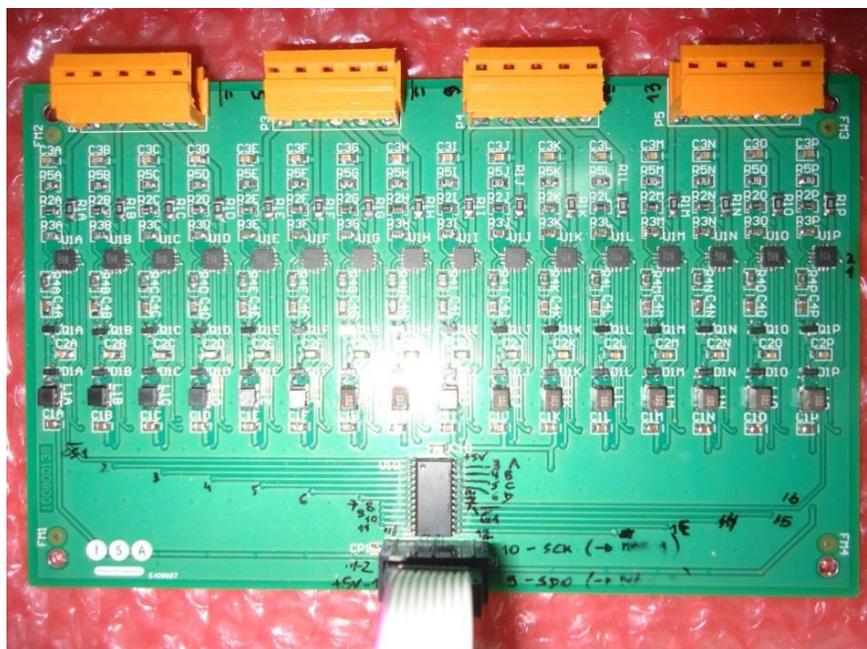
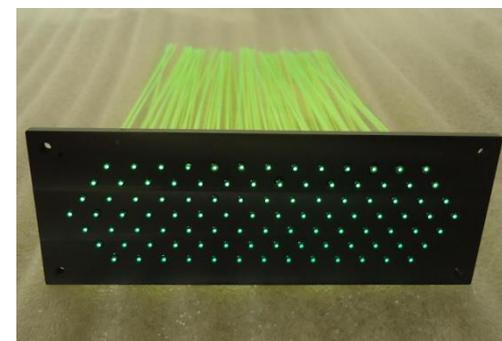
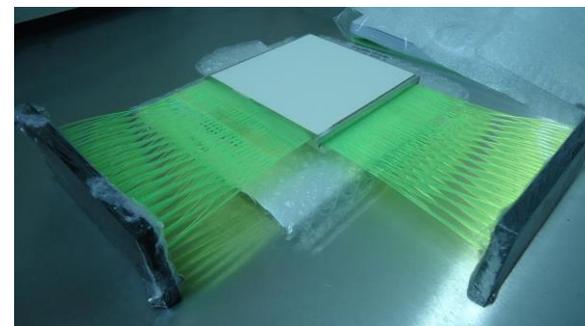
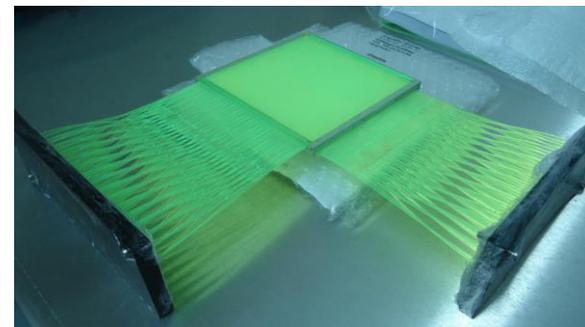
Ongoing and
future work



ONGOING AND FUTURE WORK

Larger prototype (10x10 cm² → 100x100 SiPMs):

- larger crystal assembled with fibers glued to SiPM-coupling pieces
- 4 E-PMTs to read out crystal
- biasing SiPMs in groups of 8



16 channel SiPM power supply PCB developed by ISA S.A. (Coimbra), 8 bit DAC to adjust ~ 69-73 V

Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF gamma camera

Exp. setup

Results

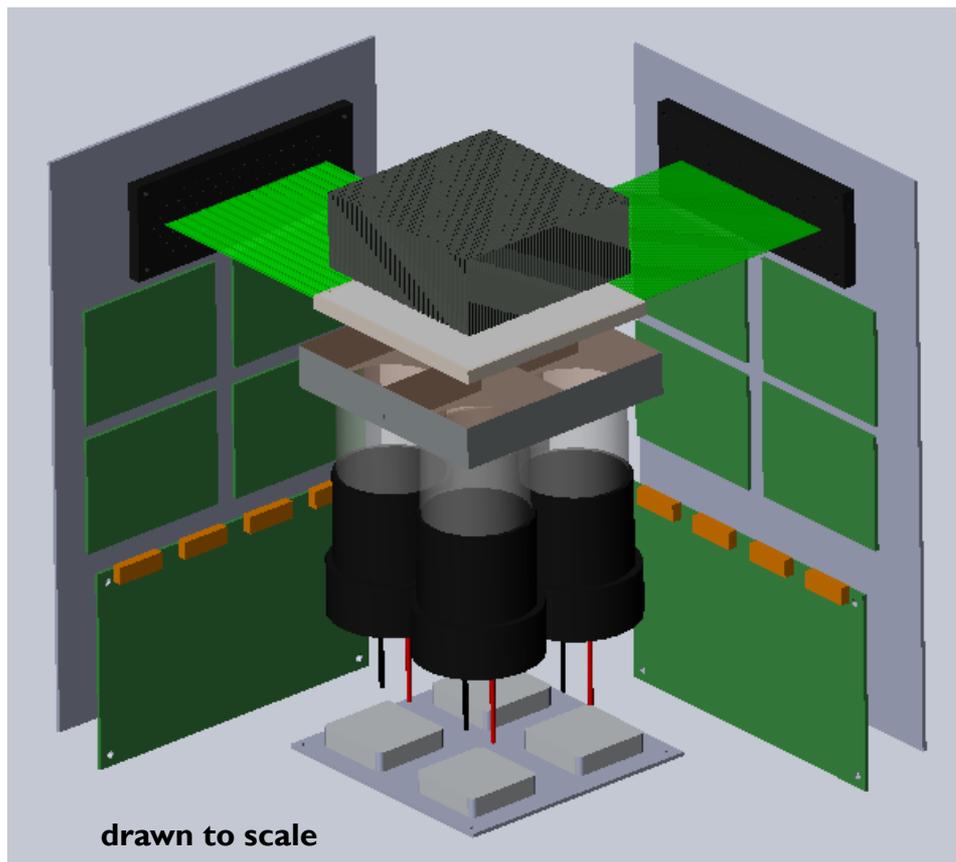
Ongoing and future work



ONGOING AND FUTURE WORK

Larger prototype (10x10 cm² → 100x100 SiPMs):

- biasing R6236 E-PMTs with individual compact PCB HV supplies
- readout with VA32HDR14.2 chips → DAQ with X3-I0M (also V_{bias} control)
- SiPM cooling
- Small animal or phantom studies, prototype characterization



Hamamatsu C11152-51

Motivation

CsI(Na)-WSF
gamma camera

Exp. setup

Results

Ongoing and
future work



THANKS FOR THE ATTENTION!

Acknowledgments:

- DRIM team @ UA (João Veloso, Carlos Azevedo, Ana Luísa, Lara, Moutinho, ...)
- A.J.D. Soares (project mentor)
- Jorge Isidoro (Nuclear Medicine @ HUC)
- ISA S.A. (Rodrigo Ferreira, Miguel Ferreira)

Questions?

Remarks?

Doubts?

Ideas?

Coffee? ☺

Conventional gamma camera

Main components	Function
Collimator (Pb)	accept only γ -rays aligned with holes
Scintillation crystal, e.g. NaI(Tl)	convert γ -rays into visible light
Photodetectors, e.g. PMT	convert light into electric signals
Electronics and software	signal processing and image formation

