

3. Electroweak Phenomenology

- Inputs
- $Z \rightarrow f \bar{f}$, $W \rightarrow f_1 \bar{f}_2$, Asymmetries
- Sensitivity to Higher Scales
- Gauge Self-interactions
- Higgs Search
- Flavour Dynamics
- CP Violation



Standard Model Parameters

QCD: $\alpha_s(M_Z)$



1

EW Gauge / Scalar Sector:

4

$$g, g', \mu^2, \lambda \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad \alpha, \theta_W, M_W, M_H \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad \alpha, G_F, M_Z, M_H$$



INPUTS

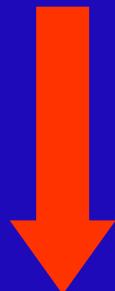
$$G_F = (1.166\,3788 \pm 0.000\,000\,7) \times 10^{-5} \text{ GeV}^{-2}$$

$$\alpha^{-1} = 137.035\,999\,084 \pm 0.000\,000\,051$$

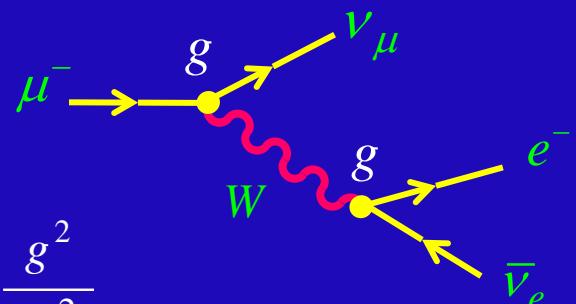
$$M_Z = (91.1875 \pm 0.0021) \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_W^2 \sin^2 \theta_W = \frac{\pi \alpha}{\sqrt{2} G_F}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta_W = 1 - \frac{M_W^2}{M_Z^2}$$



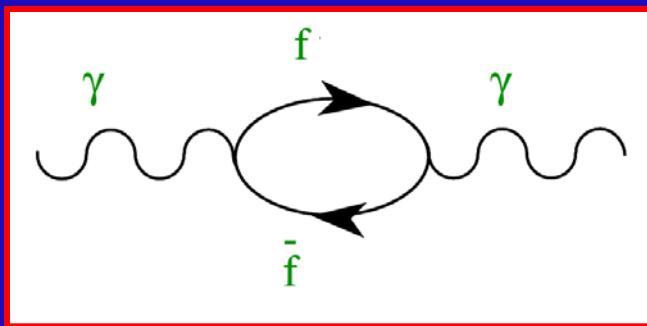
$$\alpha^{-1}(M_Z^2) = 128.95 \pm 0.05$$



$$G_F \sim \frac{g^2}{M_W^2}$$

$$M_W = 80.94 \text{ GeV} \quad (79.96) \quad [\text{Exp: } 80.399 \pm 0.023]$$

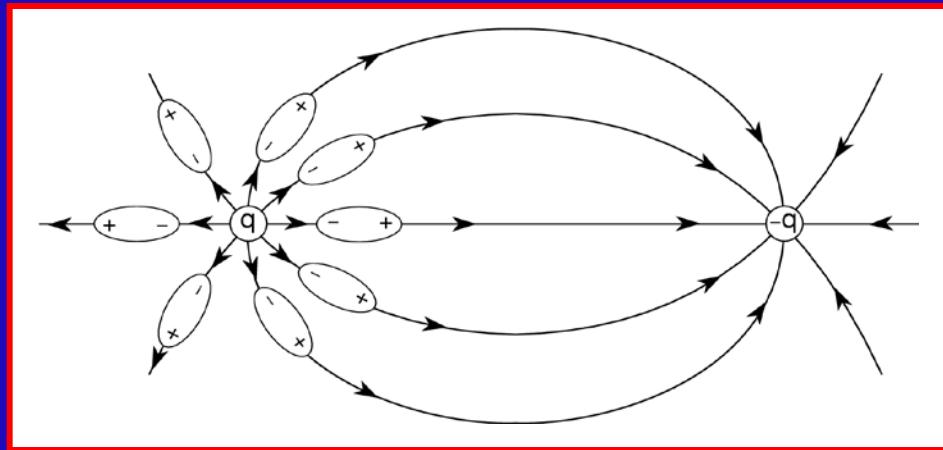
$$\sin^2 \theta_W = 0.212 \quad (0.231)$$



VACUUM POLARIZATION

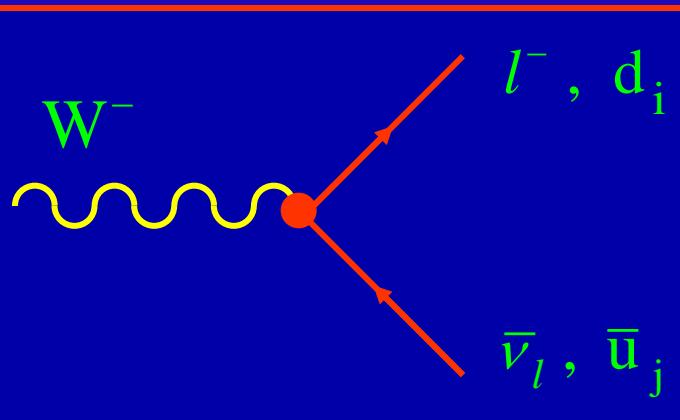
The Photon Couples to Virtual $f\bar{f}$ Pairs

Vacuum \longleftrightarrow Polarized Dielectric Medium



$$\alpha^{-1} = \alpha(m_e^2)^{-1} = 137.035999084 \quad (51) \quad ; \quad \alpha (M_Z^2)^{-1} = 128.95 \pm 0.05$$

($l^- l^+$ and $q \bar{q}$ contributions included)



$$W^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e , \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu , \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau , d' \bar{u} , s' \bar{c}$$

$$\bar{u}_j = \bar{u}, \bar{c} \quad ; \quad \begin{pmatrix} d' \\ s' \end{pmatrix} \approx \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta_c & \sin\theta_c \\ -\sin\theta_c & \cos\theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} d \\ s \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{Br}(W^- \rightarrow l^- \bar{\nu}_l) \equiv \frac{\Gamma(W^- \rightarrow l^- \bar{\nu}_l)}{\Gamma(W^- \rightarrow \text{all})} = \frac{1}{3 + 2N_c} = 11.1\%$$

QCD: $N_c \left\{ 1 + \frac{\alpha_s(M_Z)}{\pi} \right\} \approx 3.115 \quad \rightarrow \quad \text{Br}(W^- \rightarrow l^- \bar{\nu}_l) \approx 10.8\%$

Experiment:

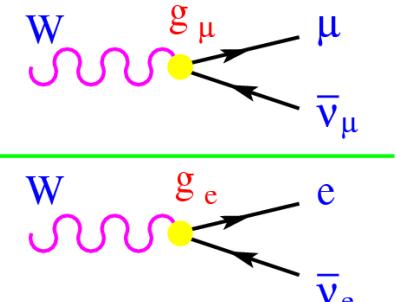
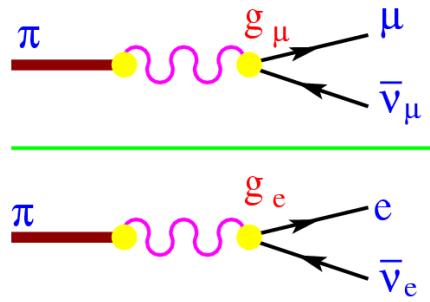
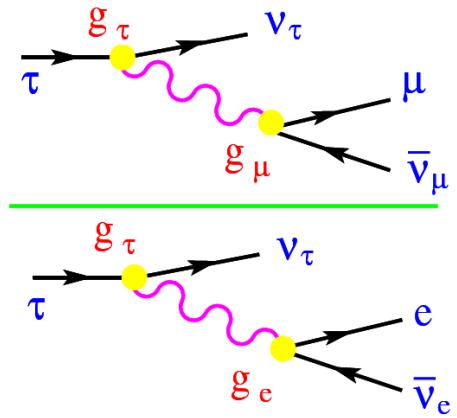
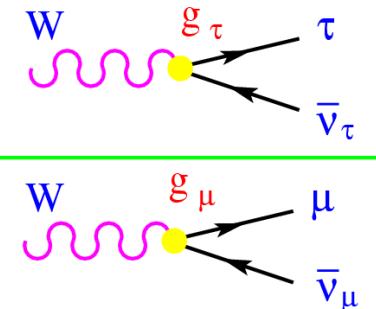
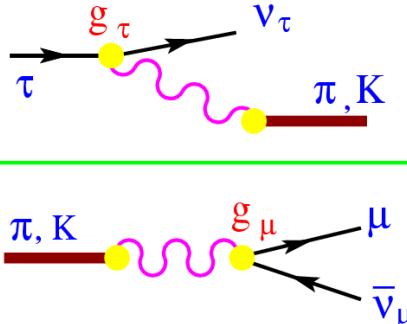
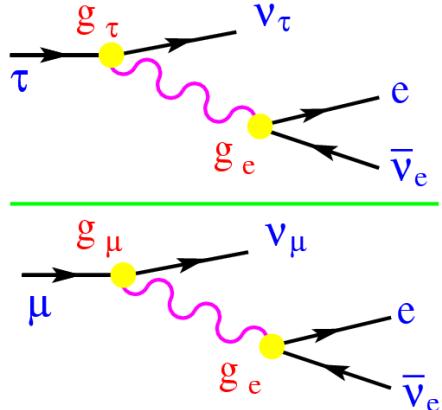
$$\text{Br}(W^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e) = (10.65 \pm 0.17)\%$$

$$\text{Br}(W^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu) = (10.59 \pm 0.15)\%$$

$$\text{Br}(W^- \rightarrow \tau^- \bar{\nu}_\tau) = (11.44 \pm 0.22)\%$$

Universal $W l \bar{\nu}_l$ Couplings

LEPTON UNIVERSALITY

 $\frac{g_\mu}{g_e}$

 $\frac{g_\tau}{g_\mu}$


CHARGED CURRENT UNIVERSALITY

$$|g_\mu / g_e|$$

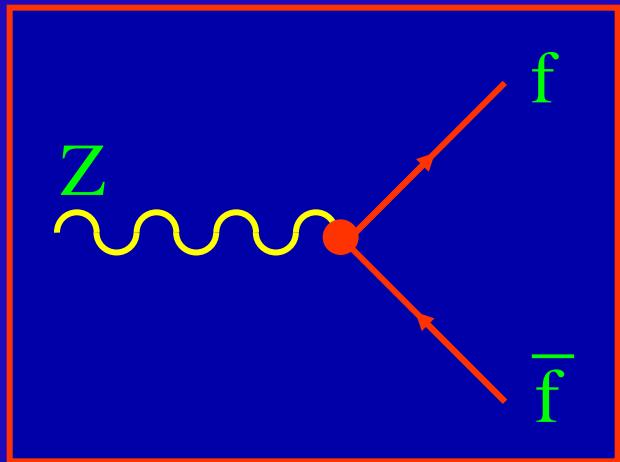
$B_{\tau \rightarrow \mu} / B_{\tau \rightarrow e}$	1.0018 ± 0.0014
$B_{\pi \rightarrow \mu} / B_{\pi \rightarrow e}$	1.0021 ± 0.0016
$B_{K \rightarrow \mu} / B_{K \rightarrow e}$	0.996 ± 0.006
$B_{K \rightarrow \pi \mu} / B_{K \rightarrow \pi e}$	1.001 ± 0.002
$B_{W \rightarrow \mu} / B_{W \rightarrow e}$	0.997 ± 0.010

$$|g_\tau / g_\mu|$$

$B_{\tau \rightarrow e} \tau_\mu / \tau_\tau$	1.0006 ± 0.0022
$\Gamma_{\tau \rightarrow \pi} / \Gamma_{\pi \rightarrow \mu}$	0.991 ± 0.004
$\Gamma_{\tau \rightarrow K} / \Gamma_{K \rightarrow \mu}$	0.982 ± 0.008
$B_{W \rightarrow \tau} / B_{W \rightarrow \mu}$	1.039 ± 0.013

$$|g_\tau / g_e|$$

$B_{\tau \rightarrow \mu} \tau_\mu / \tau_\tau$	1.0005 ± 0.0023
$B_{W \rightarrow \tau} / B_{W \rightarrow e}$	1.036 ± 0.014



$$Z \rightarrow l^- l^+, \nu_l \bar{\nu}_l$$

$$\Gamma(Z \rightarrow l\bar{l}) \propto \left(|v_l|^2 + |a_l|^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_{\text{inv}}}{\Gamma_{ll}} \equiv \frac{\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{invisible})}{\Gamma(Z \rightarrow l^+ l^-)} = N_\nu \frac{\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \nu_l \bar{\nu}_l)}{\Gamma(Z \rightarrow l^+ l^-)} = N_\nu \frac{2}{\left(1 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W\right)^2 + 1} = 1.955 N_\nu$$
(1.989)

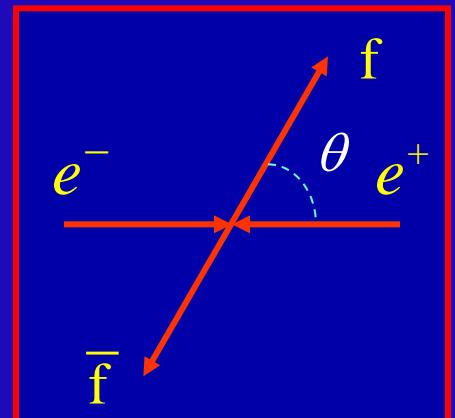
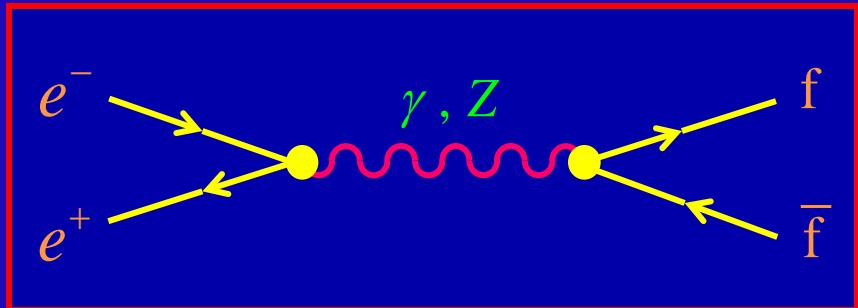
Experiment:



$$\frac{\Gamma_{\text{inv}}}{\Gamma_{ll}} = 5.942 \pm 0.016 \quad \longrightarrow \quad N_\nu = 3.04 \quad (2.99)$$

$$N_\nu = 2.9840 \pm 0.0082$$

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma, Z \rightarrow f \bar{f}$$



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{\alpha^2}{8s} N_f \left\{ A (1 + \cos^2 \theta) + B \cos \theta - h_f [C (1 + \cos^2 \theta) + D \cos \theta] \right\}$$

$$N_l = 1 \quad ; \quad N_q = N_C \left\{ 1 + \frac{\alpha_s(M_Z^2)}{\pi} + \dots \right\} \quad ; \quad h_f = \pm 1$$

$$A = 1 + 2 v_f \Re(\chi) + (v_e^2 + a_e^2)(v_f^2 + a_f^2) |\chi|^2$$

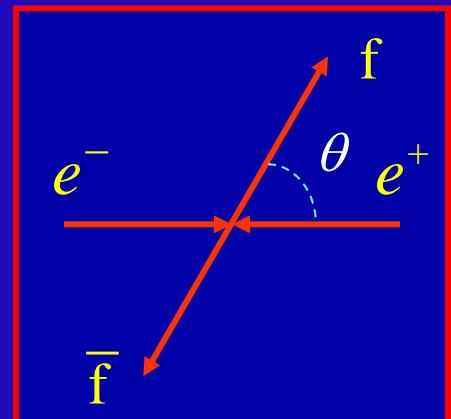
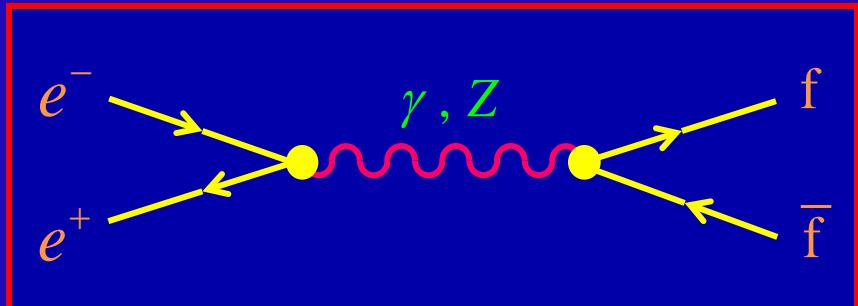
$$B = 4 a_e a_f \Re(\chi) + 8 v_e a_e v_f a_f |\chi|^2$$

$$C = 2 v_e a_f \Re(\chi) + 2(v_e^2 + a_e^2) v_f a_f |\chi|^2$$

$$D = 4 a_e v_f \Re(\chi) + 4 v_e a_e (v_f^2 + a_f^2) |\chi|^2$$

$$\chi = \frac{G_F M_Z^2}{2\sqrt{2}\pi\alpha} \frac{s}{s - M_Z^2 + i s \Gamma_Z / M_Z}$$

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma, Z \rightarrow f \bar{f}$$



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{\alpha^2}{8s} N_f \left\{ A (1 + \cos^2 \theta) + B \cos \theta - h_f [C (1 + \cos^2 \theta) + D \cos \theta] \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{FB}(s) \equiv \frac{N_F - N_B}{N_F + N_B} = \frac{3}{8} \frac{B}{A}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{Pol}(s) \equiv \frac{\sigma^{(h_f=+1)} - \sigma^{(h_f=-1)}}{\sigma^{(h_f=+1)} + \sigma^{(h_f=-1)}} = -\frac{C}{A} ; \quad \sigma = \frac{4\pi\alpha^2}{3s} N_f A$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{FB}^{Pol}(s) \equiv \frac{N_F^{(+1)} - N_F^{(-1)} - N_B^{(+1)} + N_B^{(-1)}}{N_F^{(+1)} + N_F^{(-1)} + N_B^{(+1)} + N_B^{(-1)}} = -\frac{3}{8} \frac{D}{A}$$

Z Peak ($s = M_Z^2$)

$$\sigma = \frac{12\pi}{M_Z^2} \frac{\Gamma_e \Gamma_f}{\Gamma_Z^2} ; \quad \Gamma_f \equiv \Gamma(Z \rightarrow f \bar{f})$$

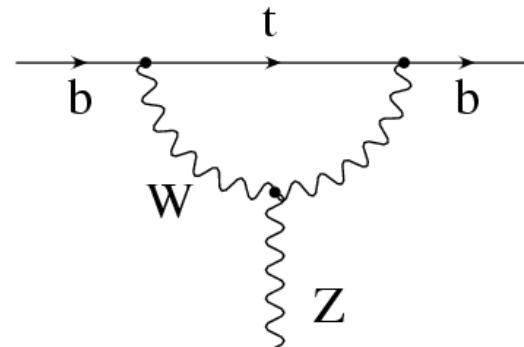
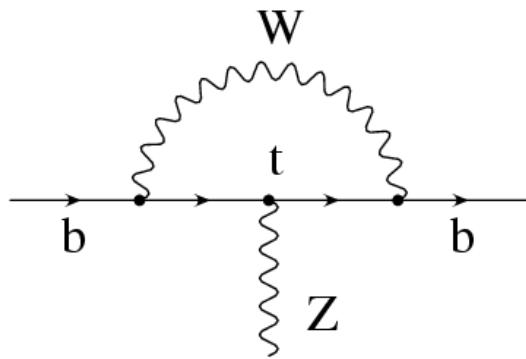
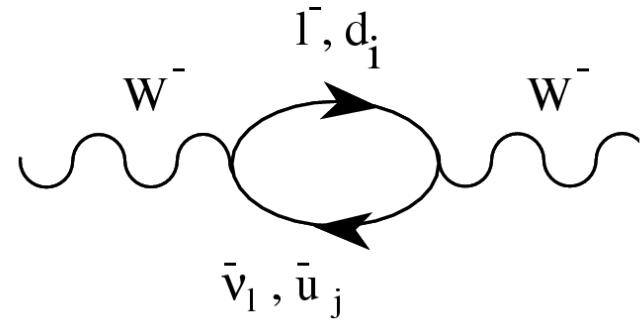
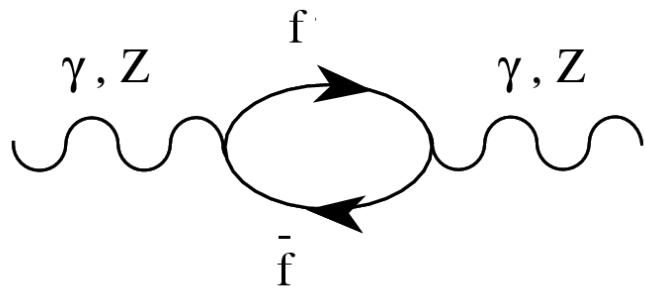
$$\mathcal{A}_{FB}(s) = \frac{3}{4} \mathcal{P}_e \mathcal{P}_f ; \quad \mathcal{A}_{Pol}(s) = \mathcal{P}_f ; \quad \mathcal{A}_{FB}^{Pol}(s) = \frac{3}{4} \mathcal{P}_e$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{LR}(s) \equiv \frac{\sigma_L - \sigma_R}{\sigma_L + \sigma_R} = -\mathcal{P}_e ; \quad \mathcal{A}_{FB}^{LR}(s) = -\frac{3}{4} \mathcal{P}_f$$

Final Polarization $\mathcal{P}_f \equiv -A_f = \frac{-2 v_f a_f}{|v_f|^2 + |a_f|^2}$ **Only Available for** $f = \tau$

$$|v_l| = \frac{1}{2} |-1 + 4 \sin^2 \theta| \ll 1 \rightarrow \mathcal{P}_l \text{ Sensitive to Higher Order Corrections}$$

Higher Order Corrections



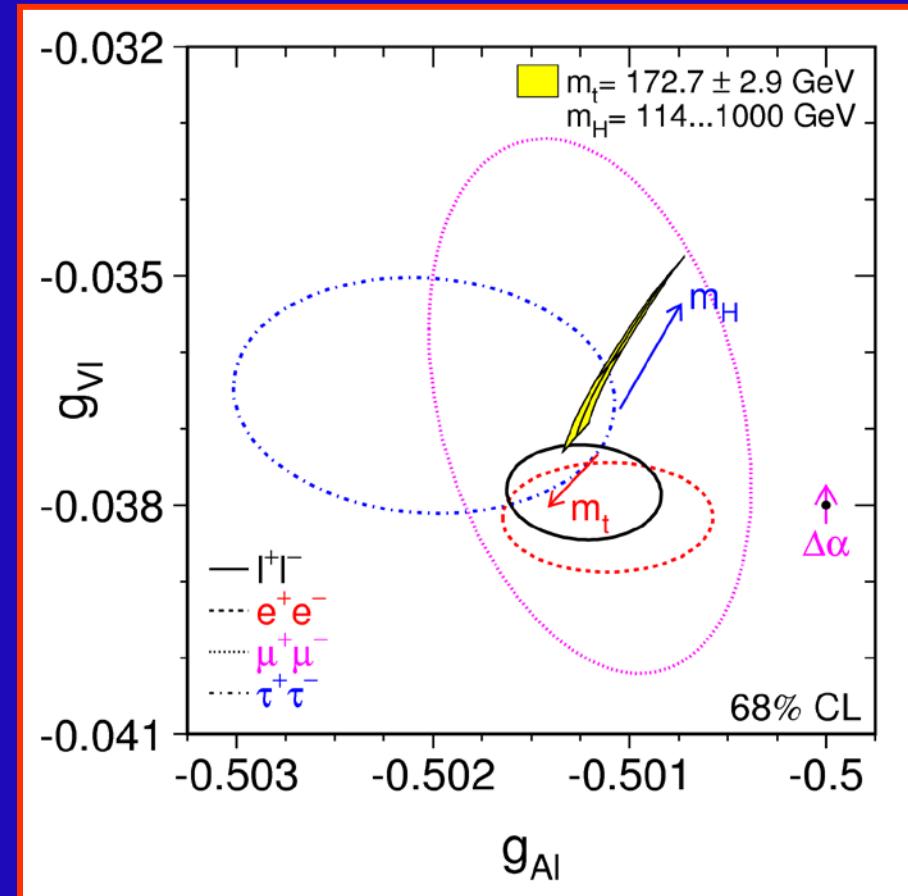
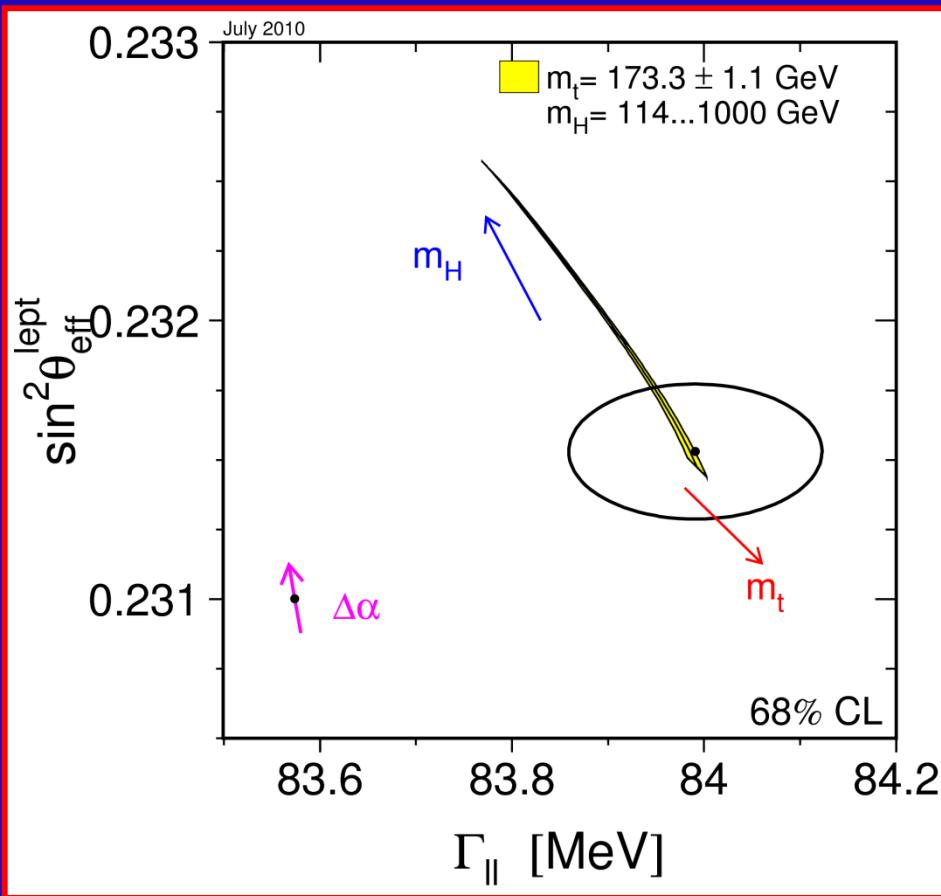
Sensitive to Heavier Particles: **TOP , HIGGS**

Evidence of Electroweak Corrections

July 2010

LEPEWWG

September 2005



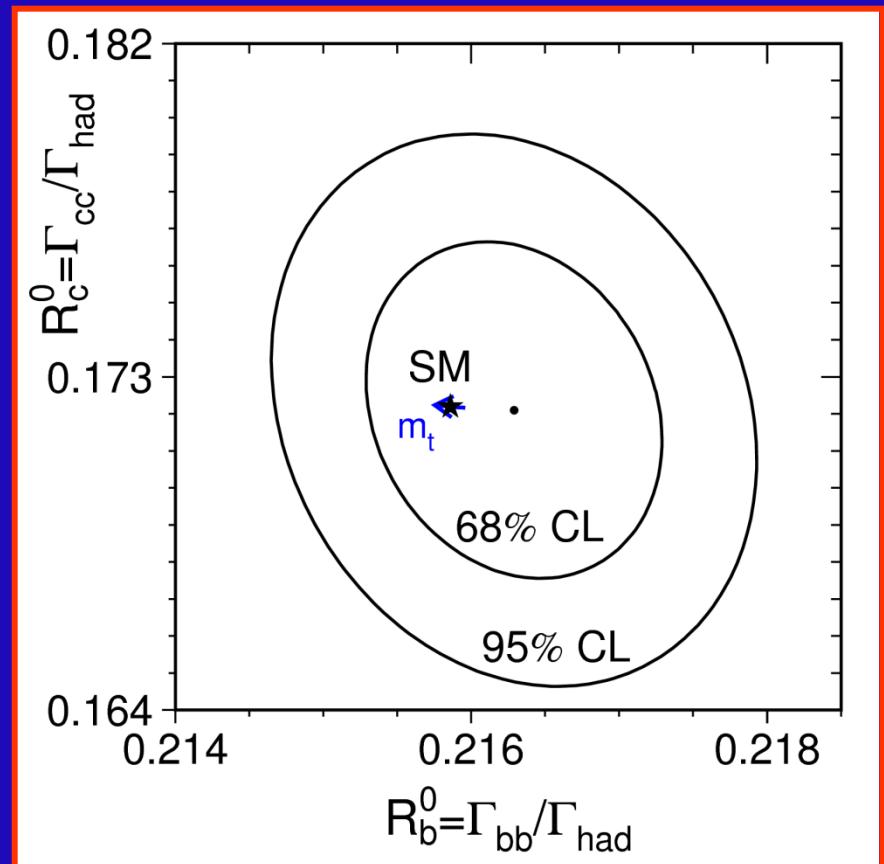
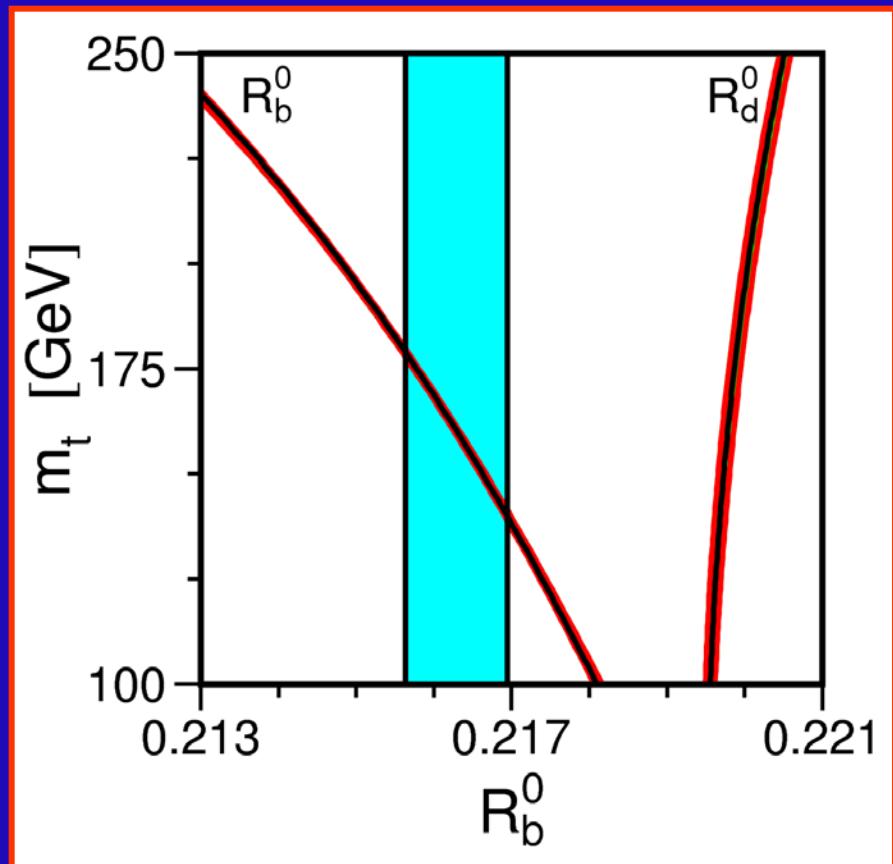
$$\alpha(M_Z^2)^{-1} = 128.95 \pm 0.05$$

Low Values of M_H Preferred

$$R_b \equiv \Gamma(Z \rightarrow b\bar{b})/\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{hadrons})$$

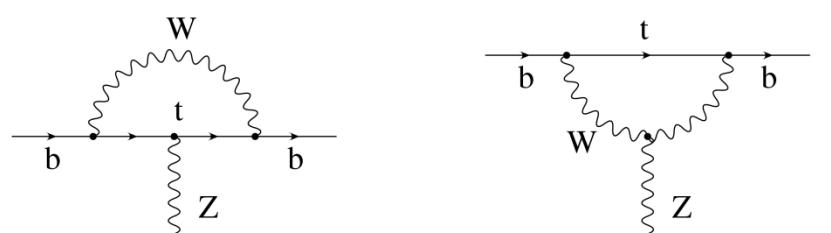
LEPEWWG

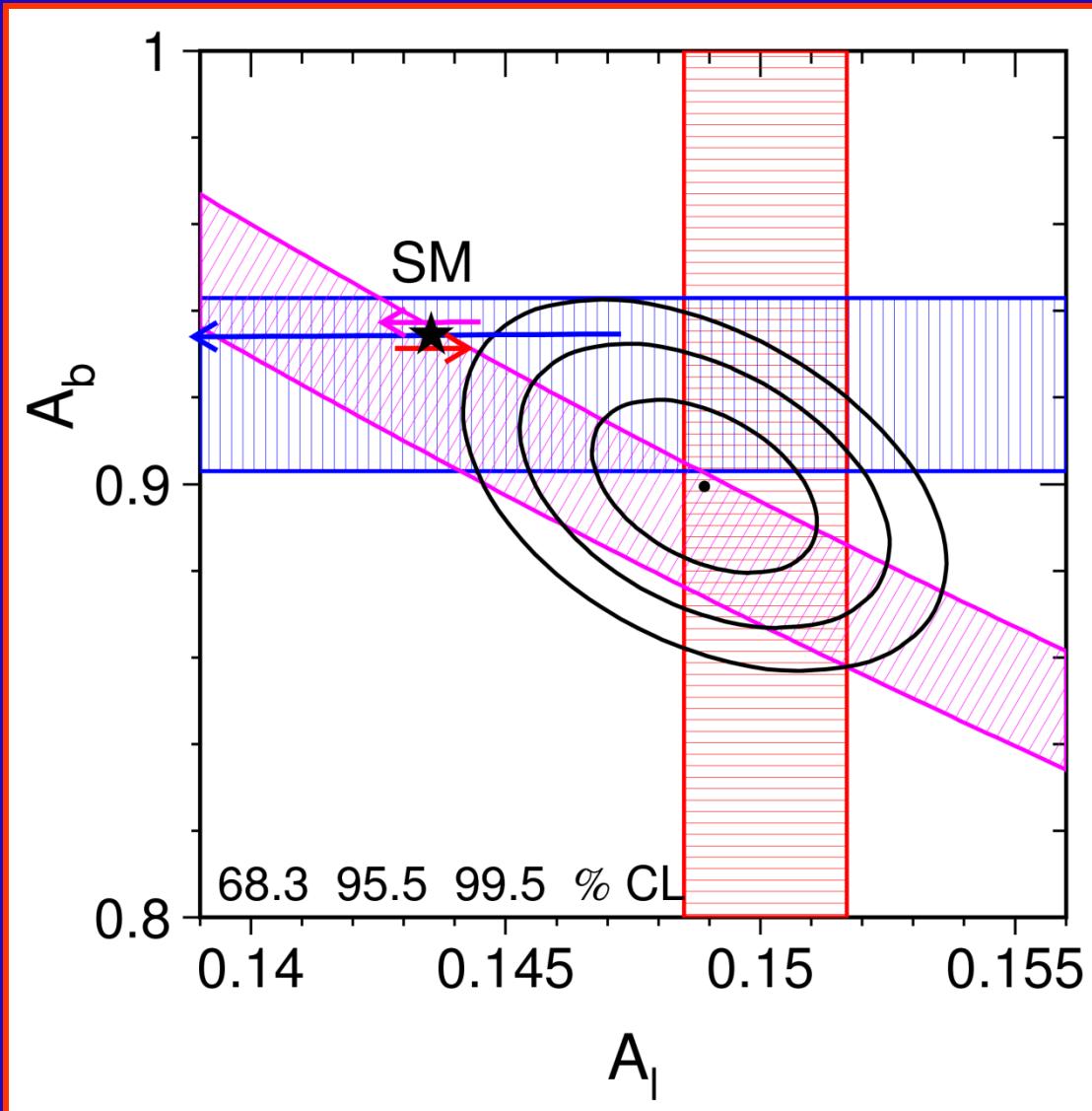
September 2005



Bernabéu-Pich-Santamaría 1988

- Measurement
- $\Delta\alpha_{\text{had}}^{(5)} = 0.02758 \pm 0.00035$
- $\alpha_s = 0.118 \pm 0.003$
- $m_H = 114 \dots 1000 \text{ GeV}$



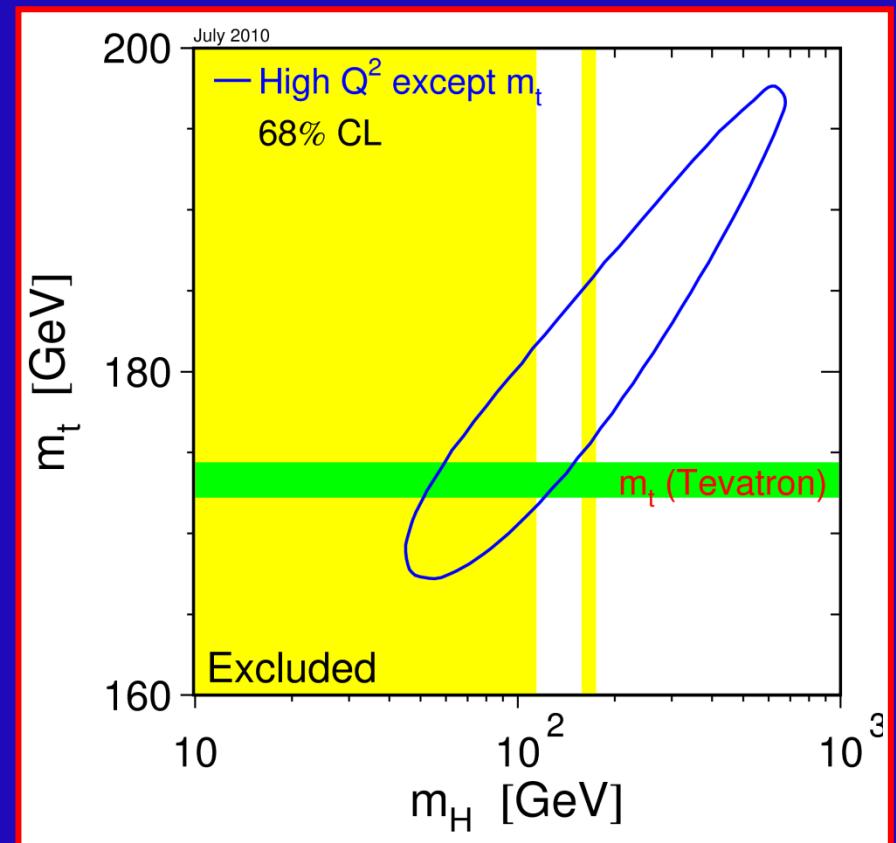
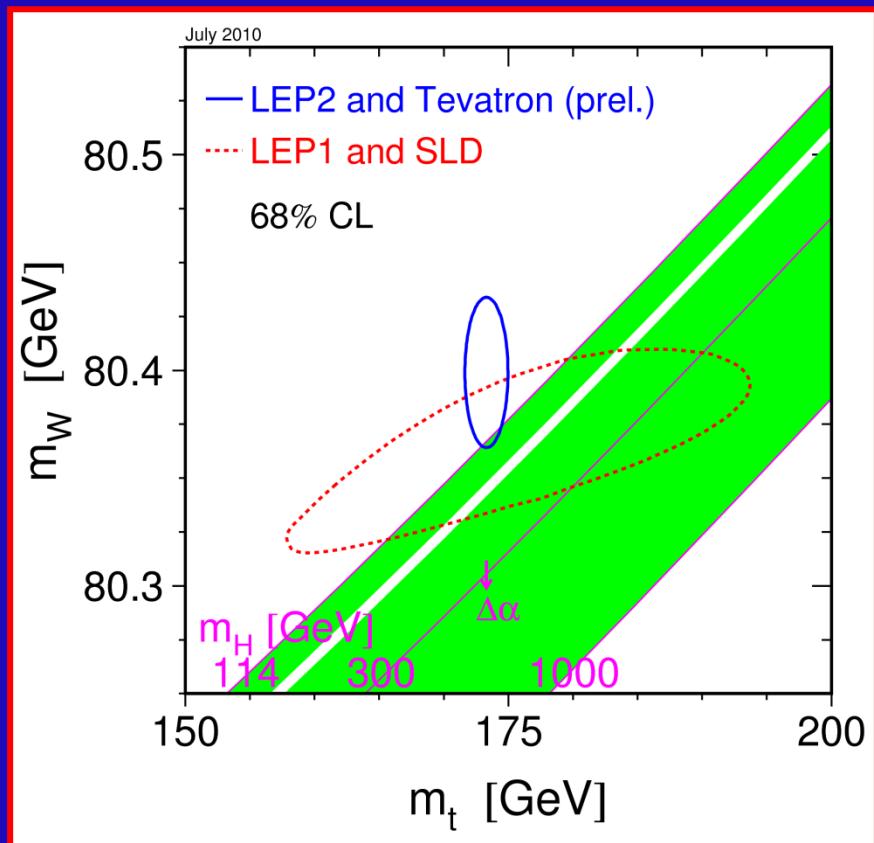


$$m_t = (172.7 \pm 2.9) \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_H = (300^{+700}_{-186}) \text{ GeV}$$

$$\alpha(M_Z^2)^{-1} = 128.95 \pm 0.05$$

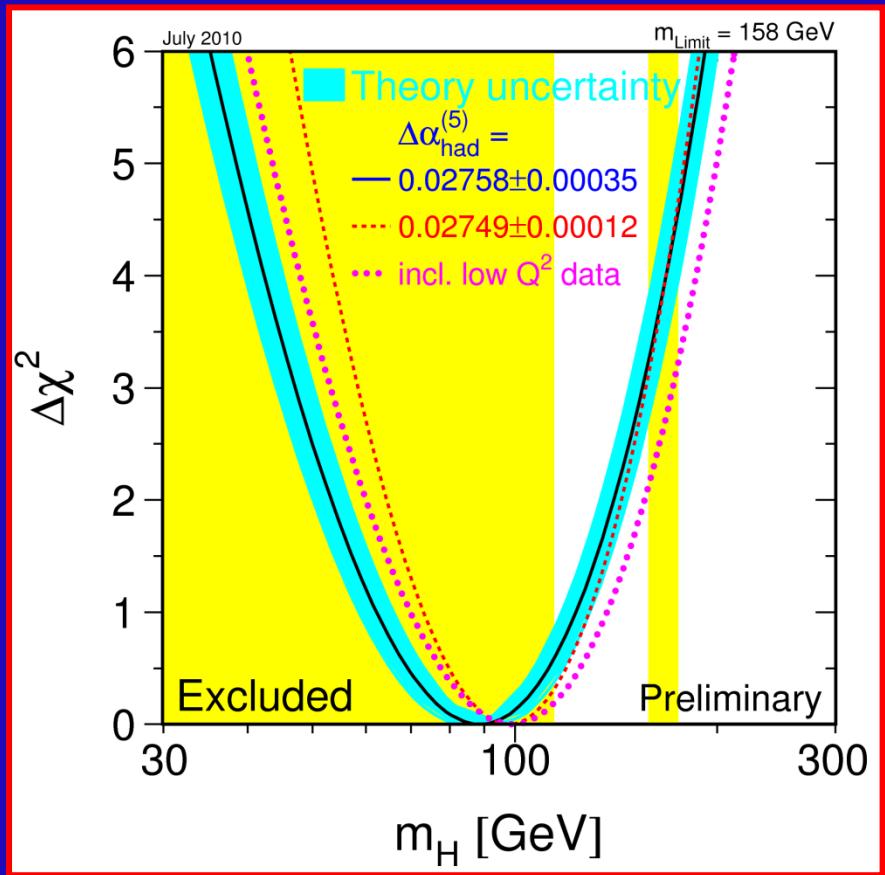
Heavy Quarks (Leptons) Favour High (Low) M_H



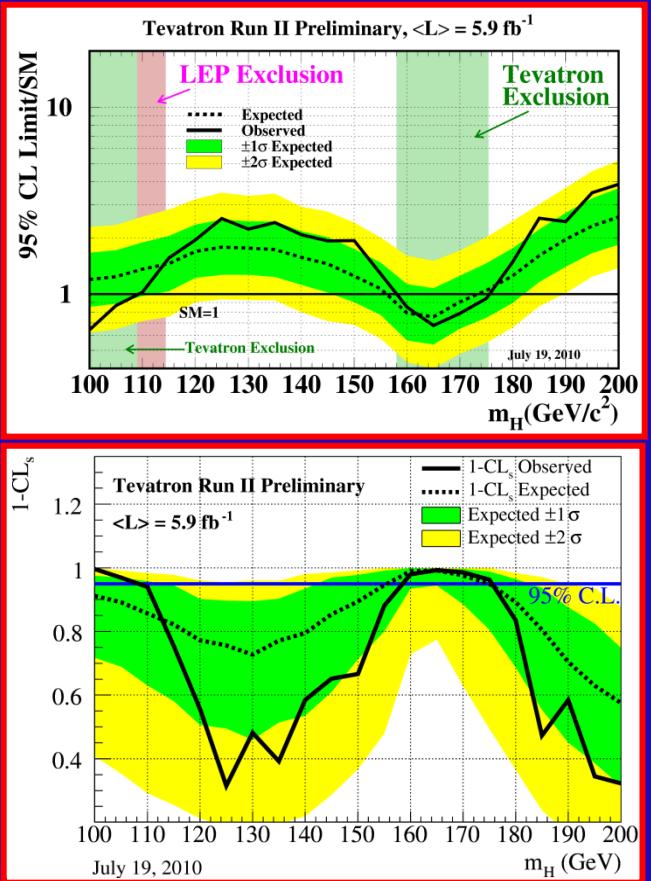
$$m_t = (173.3 \pm 1.1) \text{ GeV}$$

(CDF + D0)

LEPEWWG (July 2010)

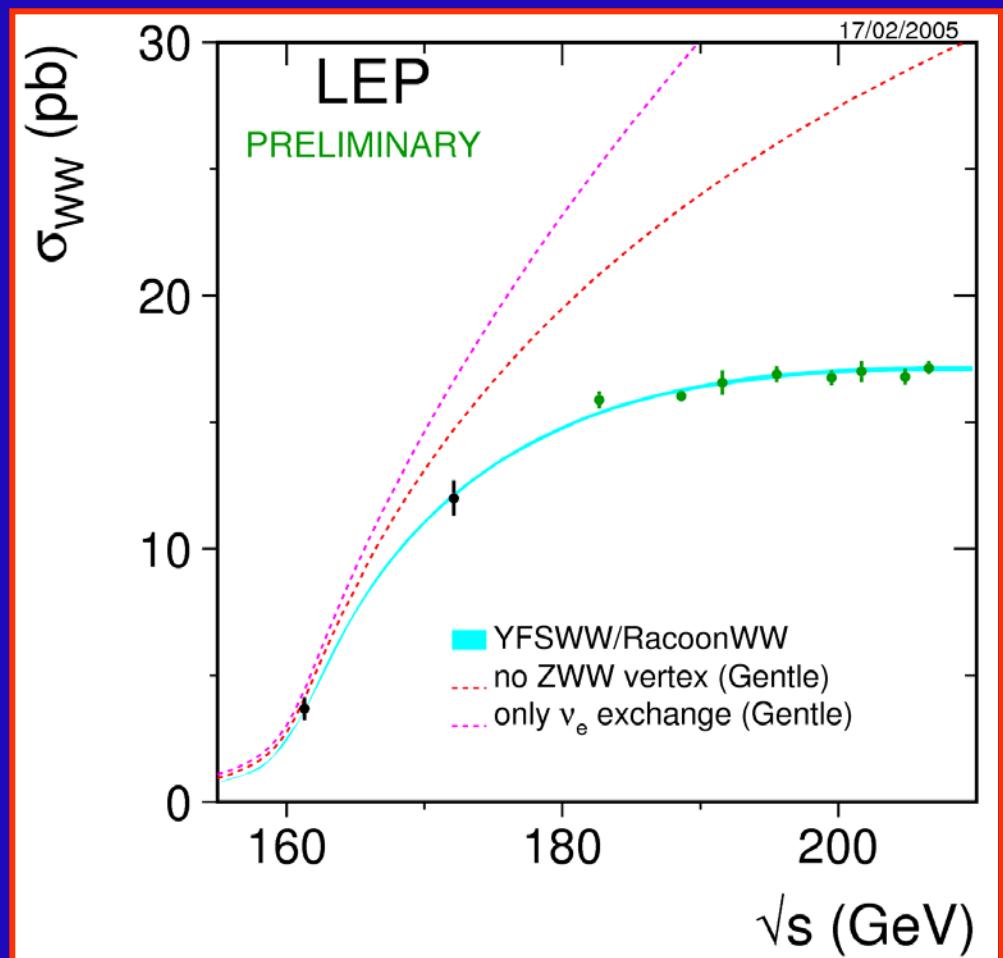
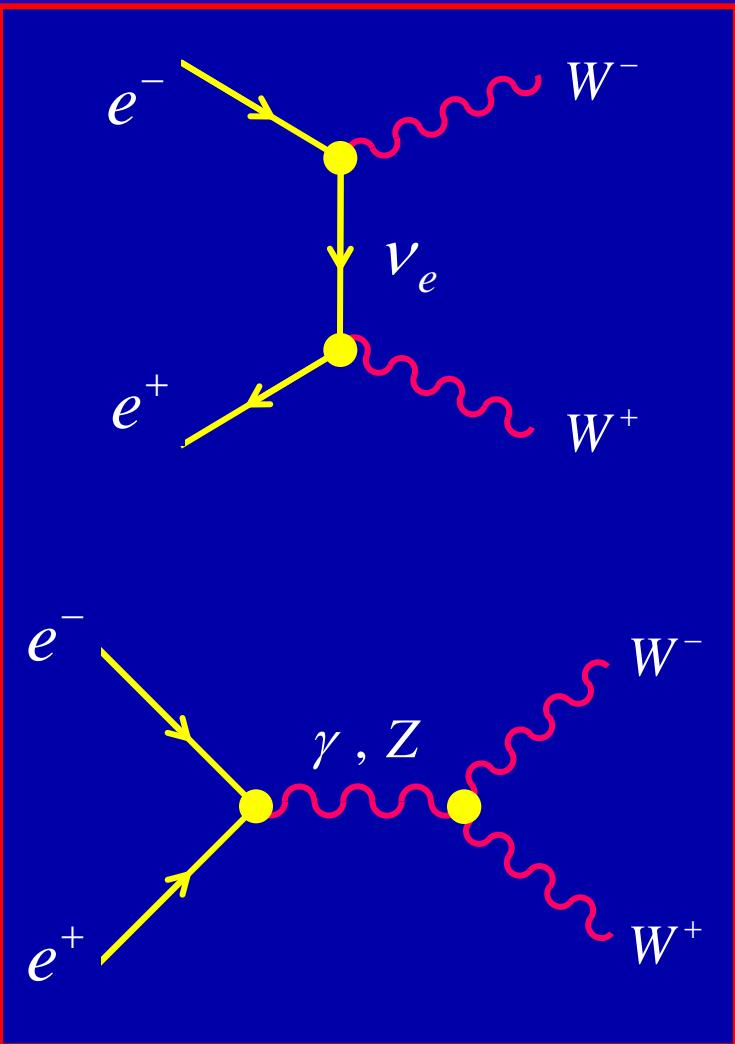


$H \rightarrow W^+W^-$ CDF / D0 (July 2010)

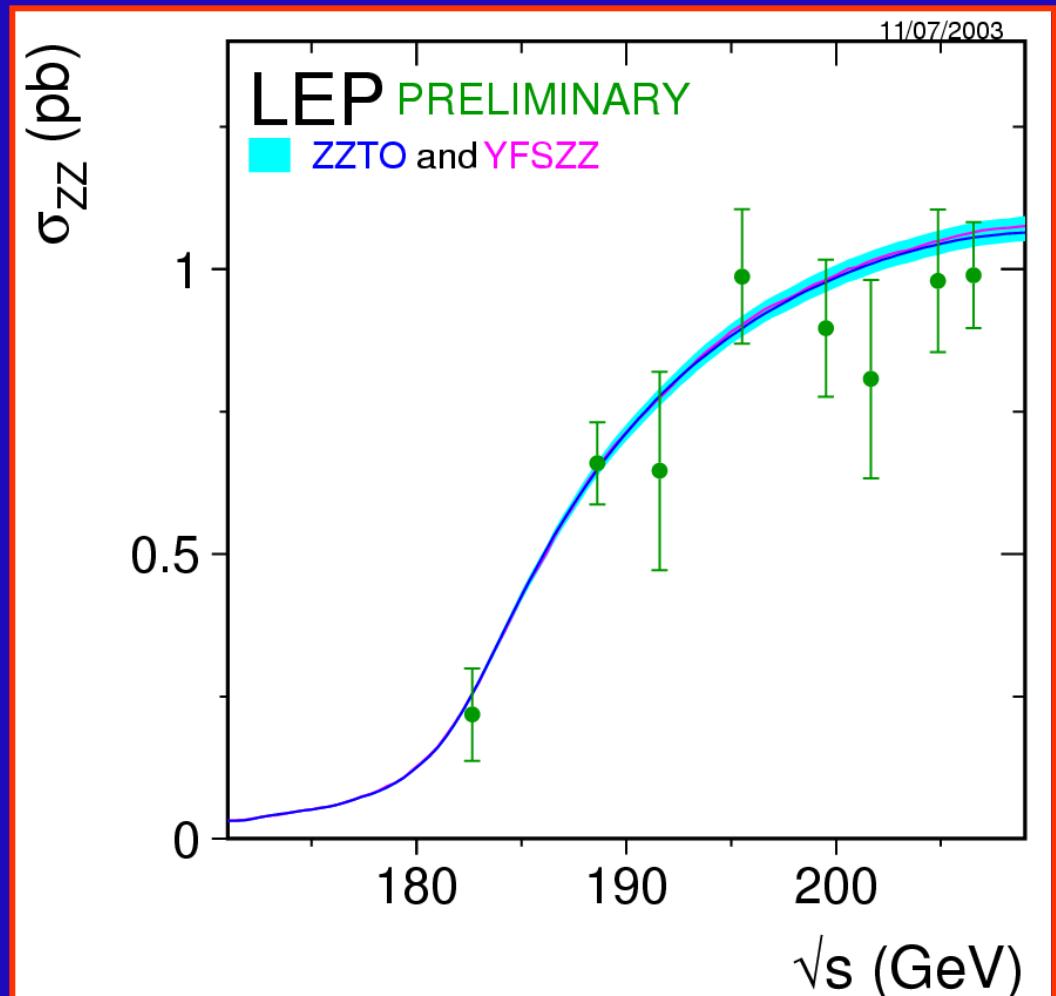
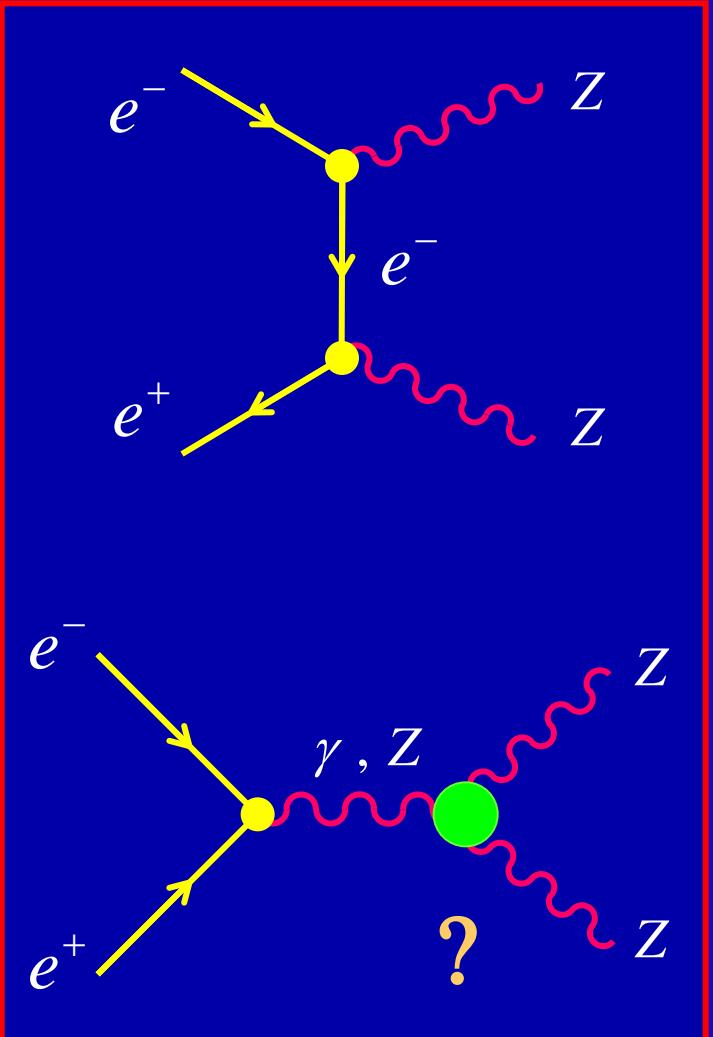


$M_H \in [158, 175] \text{ excluded (95\% CL)}$

$114.4 \text{ GeV} < M_H < 158 \text{ (185) GeV (95\% CL)}$

$e^+ e^- \rightarrow W^+ W^-$ 

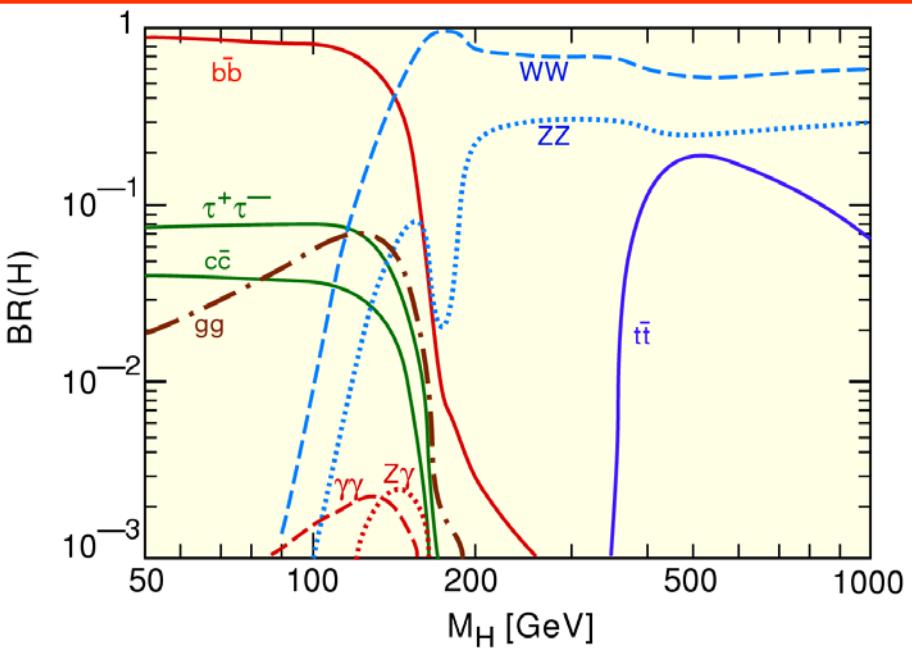
Evidence of Gauge Self-Interactions

$e^+ e^- \rightarrow Z Z$ 

No Evidence of γZZ or ZZZ couplings

Searching for the HIGGS

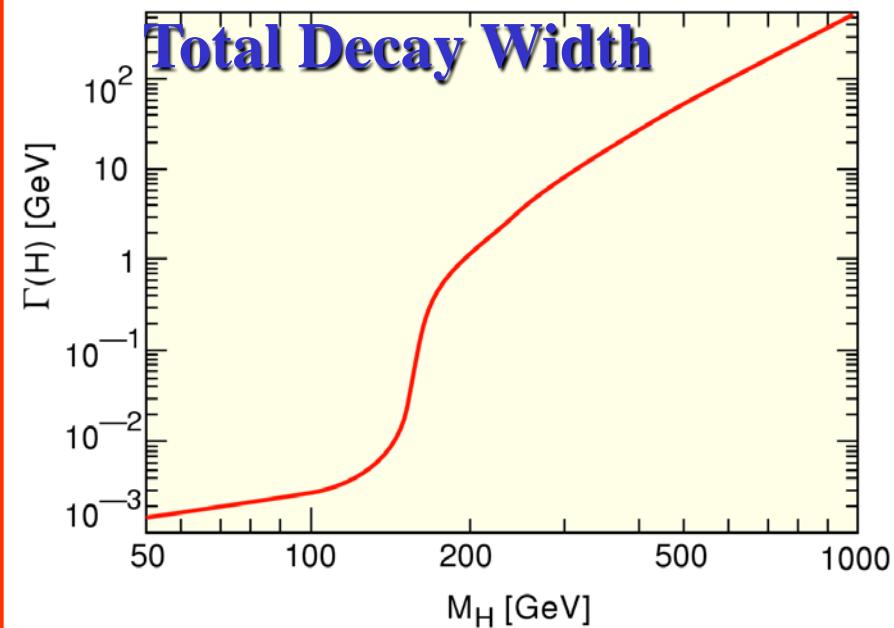
D. Denegri



Branching Ratios

Interaction proportional
to mass (M_W^2, M_Z^2, m_f)

The Higgs decays into the
heaviest possible particles



Quarks



up



down



charm



strange



top



beauty

Leptons



electron



neutrino e



muon



neutrino μ



tau



neutrino τ

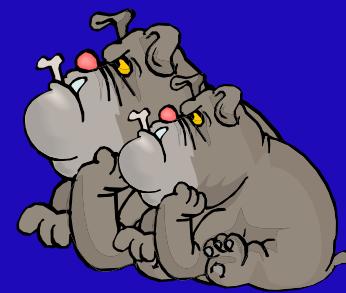
Bosons



photon



gluon



Z⁰ W±



Higgs

Standard Model Parameters

QCD: $\alpha_s(M_Z)$ 1

EW Gauge / Scalar Sector: 4

$$g, g', \mu^2, h \Leftrightarrow \alpha, \theta_W, M_W, M_H \Leftrightarrow \alpha, G_F, M_Z, M_H$$

Yukawa Sector: 13



$$m_e, m_\mu, m_\tau$$

$$m_d, m_s, m_b$$

$$m_u, m_c, m_t$$

$$\theta_1, \theta_2, \theta_3, \delta$$



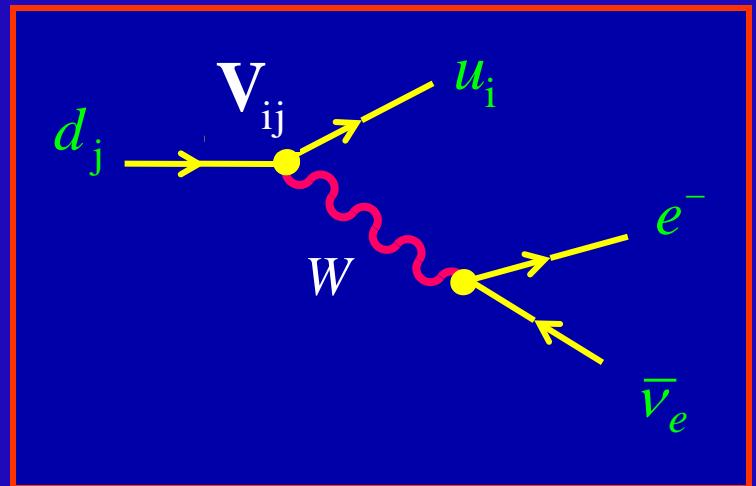
→ 18 Free Parameters (+ Neutrino Masses / Mixings ?)

TOO MANY !

Measurements of V_{ij}



$$\Gamma(d_j \rightarrow u_i e^- \bar{\nu}_e) \propto |V_{ij}|^2$$



We measure decays of hadrons (no free quarks)



Important QCD Uncertainties

V_{ij}



CKM entry	Value	Source
$ V_{ud} $	0.97425 ± 0.00022	Nuclear β decay
	0.9746 ± 0.0019	$n \rightarrow p e^- \bar{\nu}_e$
	0.9741 ± 0.0026	$\pi^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ \nu_e$
$ V_{us} $	0.2246 ± 0.0012	$K \rightarrow \pi e^- \bar{\nu}_e$
	0.2164 ± 0.0031	τ decays
	0.2259 ± 0.0015	$K / \pi \rightarrow \mu \nu$, Lattice
	0.2244 ± 0.0012	
$ V_{cd} $	0.230 ± 0.011	$v d \rightarrow c X$
	0.229 ± 0.026	$D \rightarrow \pi l \nu$, Lattice
$ V_{cs} $	0.985 ± 0.104	$D \rightarrow K l \nu$, Lattice
$ V_{cb} $	0.0387 ± 0.0011	$B \rightarrow D^* / D l \bar{\nu}_l$
	0.0415 ± 0.0007	$b \rightarrow c l \bar{\nu}_l$
	0.0406 ± 0.0013	
$ V_{ub} $	0.0034 ± 0.0004	$B \rightarrow \pi l \bar{\nu}_l$
	0.0043 ± 0.0004	$b \rightarrow u l \bar{\nu}_l$
	0.0039 ± 0.0004	
$ V_{tb} / \sqrt{\sum_q V_{tq} ^2}$	> 0.89	$t \rightarrow b W / q W$
	$ V_{tb} $	$> 0.74 \quad ; \quad < 1$
		$p \bar{p} \rightarrow tb + X$

$$|V_{ud}|^2 + |V_{us}|^2 + |V_{ub}|^2 = 0.9995 \pm 0.0010$$

$$\sum_j \left(|V_{uj}|^2 + |V_{ej}|^2 \right) = 2.002 \pm 0.027 \quad (\text{LEP})$$

QUARK MIXING MATRIX

- **Unitary $N_G \times N_G$ Matrix:** N_G^2 parameters

$$\mathbf{V} \cdot \mathbf{V}^\dagger = \mathbf{V}^\dagger \cdot \mathbf{V} = \mathbf{1}$$

- $2 N_G - 1$ arbitrary phases:

$$u_i \rightarrow e^{i\phi_i} u_i ; d_j \rightarrow e^{i\theta_j} d_j \longrightarrow \mathbf{V}_{ij} \rightarrow e^{i(\theta_j - \phi_i)} \mathbf{V}_{ij}$$



\mathbf{V}_{ij} Physical Parameters:

$$\frac{1}{2} N_G (N_G - 1) \text{ Moduli} ; \quad \frac{1}{2} (N_G - 1) (N_G - 2) \text{ phases}$$

- $N_f = 2$: 1 angle, 0 phases (Cabibbo)

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_C & \sin \theta_C \\ -\sin \theta_C & \cos \theta_C \end{bmatrix} \quad \rightarrow \quad \text{No } CP$$

- $N_f = 3$: 3 angles, 1 phase (CKM) $c_{ij} \equiv \cos \theta_{ij}$; $s_{ij} \equiv \sin \theta_{ij}$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} c_{12} c_{13} & s_{12} c_{13} & s_{13} e^{-i\delta_{13}} \\ -s_{12} c_{23} - c_{12} s_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & c_{12} c_{23} - s_{12} s_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & s_{23} c_{13} \\ s_{12} s_{23} - c_{12} c_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & -c_{12} s_{23} - s_{12} c_{23} s_{13} e^{i\delta_{13}} & c_{23} c_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\approx \begin{bmatrix} 1 - \lambda^2/2 & \lambda & A \lambda^3 (\rho - i\eta) \\ -\lambda & 1 - \lambda^2/2 & A \lambda^2 \\ A \lambda^3 (1 - \rho - i\eta) & -A \lambda^2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \mathcal{O}(\lambda^4)$$

$$\lambda \approx \sin \theta_C \approx 0.225 \quad ; \quad A \approx 0.81 \quad ; \quad \sqrt{\rho^2 + \eta^2} \approx 0.37 \quad ; \quad \delta_{13} \neq 0 \quad (\eta \neq 0) \quad \rightarrow \quad CP$$

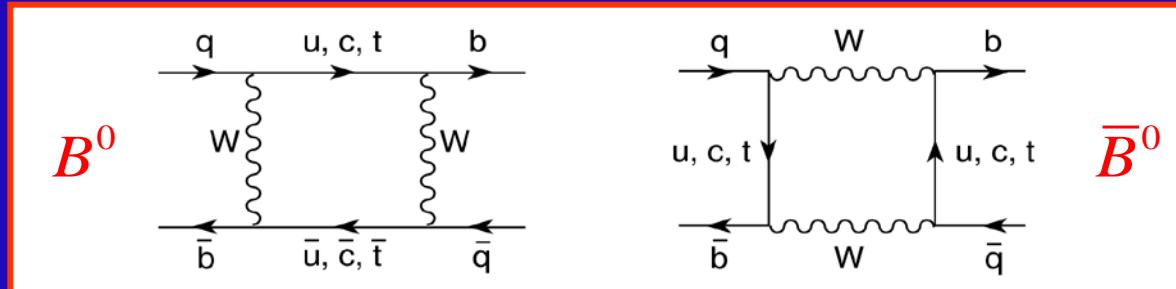
- \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{P} : Violated maximally in weak interactions
- \mathcal{CP} : Symmetry of nearly all observed phenomena
- Slight ($\sim 0.2\%$) $\cancel{\mathcal{CP}}$ in K^0 decays (1964)
- Sizeable $\cancel{\mathcal{CP}}$ in B^0 decays (2001)
- Huge Matter—Antimatter Asymmetry
in our Universe \longrightarrow Baryogenesis

\mathcal{CPT} Theorem: $\cancel{\mathcal{CP}} \leftrightarrow \cancel{\mathcal{T}}$

Thus, $\cancel{\mathcal{CP}}$ requires:

- Complex Phases
- Interferences

Meson – Antimeson Mixing



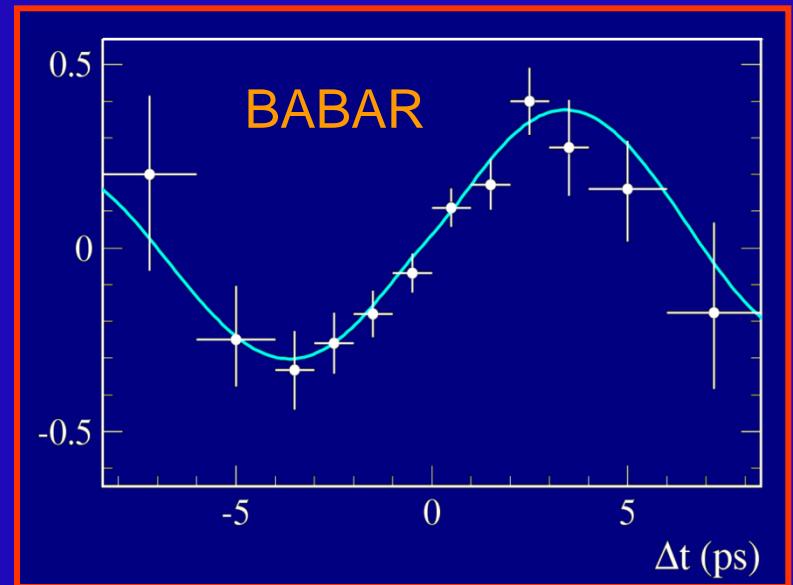
$B^0 \rightarrow f$

$\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow f$

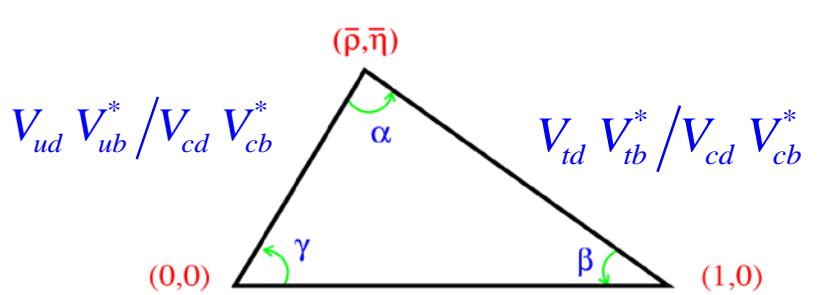
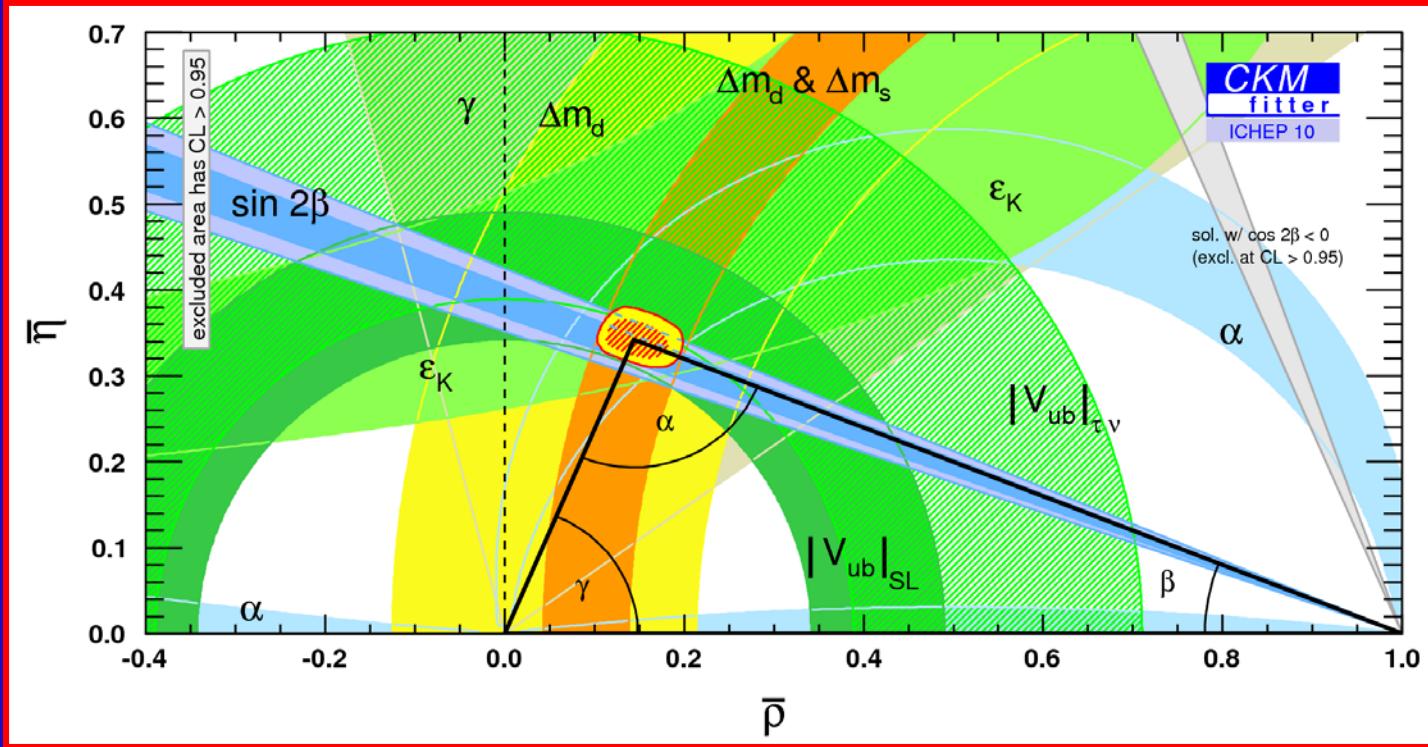
2 Interfering Amplitudes

$c\cancel{\rho}$ Signal

$$\frac{\Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S) - \Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S)}{\Gamma(B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S) + \Gamma(\bar{B}^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K_S)} \neq 0$$



$$V_{ud} V_{ub}^* + V_{cd} V_{cb}^* + V_{td} V_{tb}^* = 0$$



UT_{fit}

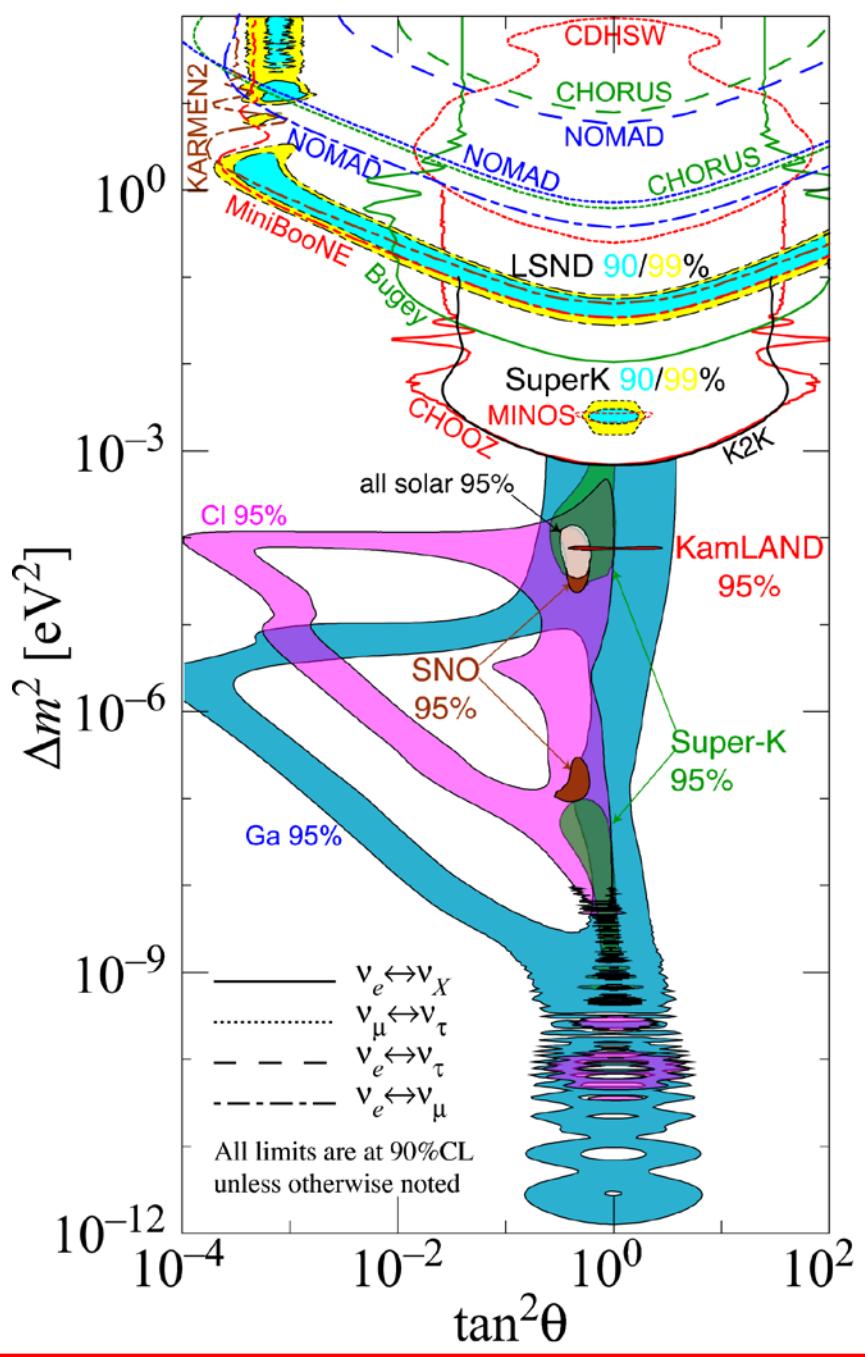
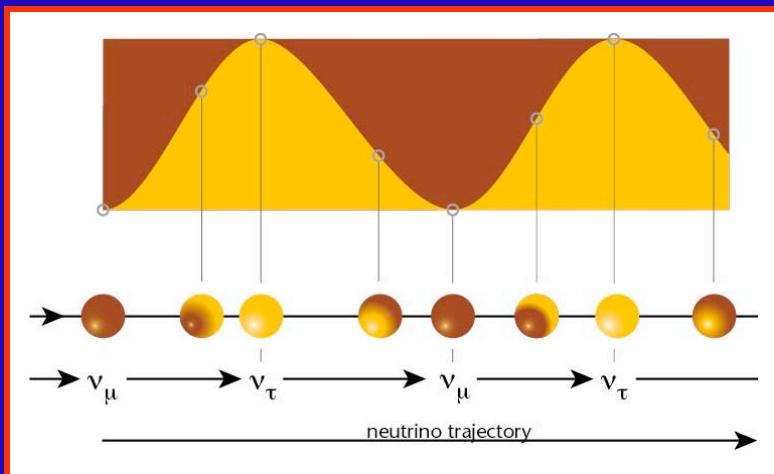
$$\bar{\eta} \equiv \eta \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\lambda^2\right) = 0.358 \pm 0.012$$

$$\bar{\rho} \equiv \rho \left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\lambda^2\right) = 0.132 \pm 0.022$$

$$\alpha = 87.8 \pm 3.0^\circ ; \beta = 22.42 \pm 0.74^\circ ; \gamma = 69.8 \pm 3.0^\circ$$

Neutrino Oscillations

<http://hitoshi.berkeley.edu/neutrino>



The Standard Model

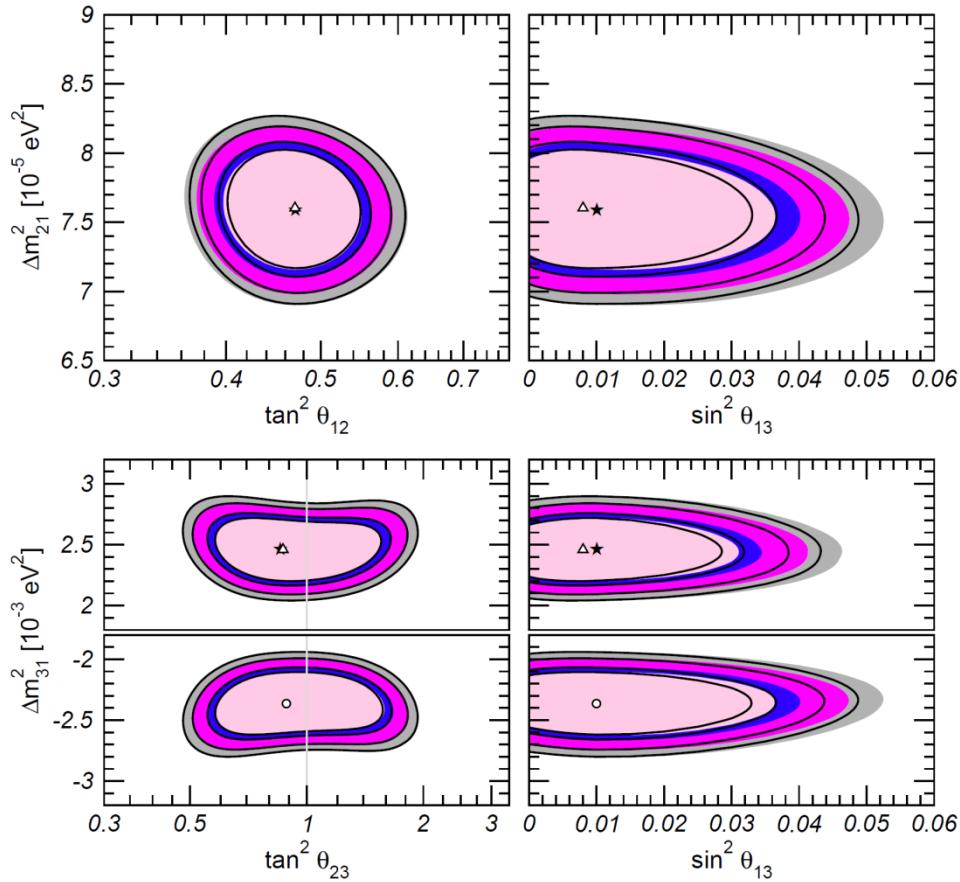
Lepton Mixing

ν_R , \mathcal{CP} ?

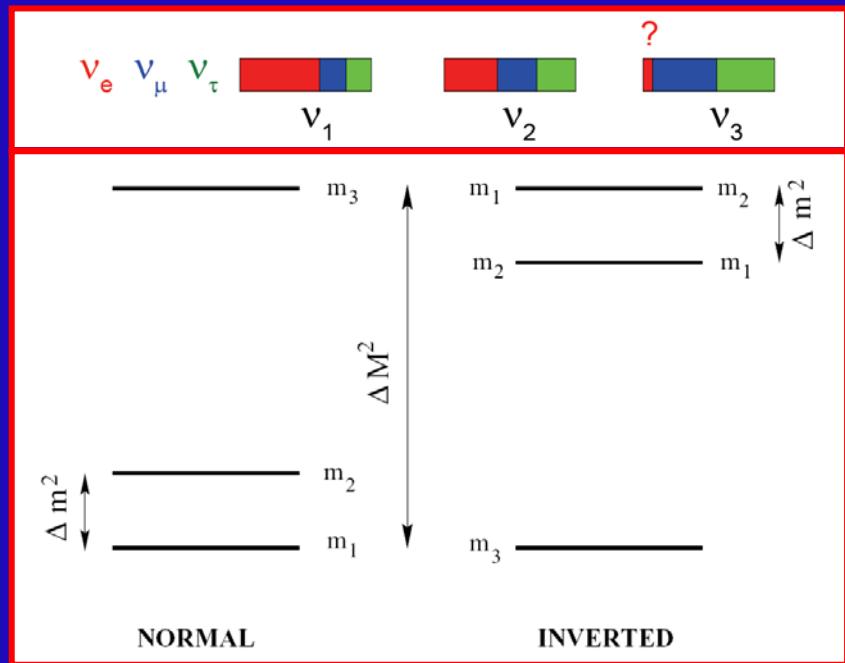
NEW PHYSICS

Neutrino Oscillations

González-García, Maltoni, Salvado, 2010



The Standard Model



$$\Delta m_{21}^2 = (7.59 \pm 0.20) \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2$$

$$|\Delta m_{32}^2| = (2.43 \pm 0.13) \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$$

$$\sin^2(2\theta_{12}) = 0.87 \pm 0.03$$

$$\sin^2(2\theta_{23}) > 0.92 \quad (90\% \text{ CL})$$

$$\sin^2(2\theta_{13}) < 0.15 \quad (90\% \text{ CL})$$

A. Pich - IDPASC 2010

THE STANDARD THEORY OF FUNDAMENTAL INTERACTIONS

$SU(3)_C \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$

Electroweak + Strong Forces

- Gauge Symmetry \rightarrow Dynamics
- 3 Gauge Parameters: $\alpha_s(M_Z^2)$, α , θ_w
- All Known Experimental Facts Explained
- Problem with Mass Scales / Mixings:

- 15 Additional Parameters
- Why 3 Families ?
- Why Left \neq Right ?
- Why $m_t > M_Z$?
- Does the Higgs Exist ?
- Flavour Mixing
- \mathcal{CP} Violation
- Neutrino Masses / Oscillations

